

Product datasheet for TP309800

Retinol Saturase (RETSAT) (NM_017750) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human retinol saturase (all-trans-retinol 13,14-reductase) (RETSAT), 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC209800 representing NM_017750 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MWLPLVLLLAVALLLAVLCKVYLGFLFSGSSPNPFSSEVDKRPAPLVTDKEARKKVLKQAFSANQVPEKLDV
VWIGSGFGGLAAAAILAKAGKRVLVLEQHTKAGGCCHTFGKNGLEFDTGIHYIGRMEEGSIGRFILDQIT
EQQLDWAPLSSPFDIMVLEGPNGRKEYPMYSGEKAYIQGLKEKFPQEEAIDKYIKLVKVSSGAPHAIL
LKFLPLPVVQLLDRCGLLTRFSPFLQASTQSLAEVLQQLGASSELQAVLSYIFPTYGVTNHSAFSMHAL
LVNHMYMKGGFYPRGGSSEIAFH TIPVIQRAGGAVLTKATVQSVLLDSAGKACGVSVKKGHELVNIYCPV
VSNAGLFNTYEHLLPGNARCLPGVKQQLGTVRPGLGMTSVFICLRGTKEDLHLPSTNYYVYD TDMDQAM
ERYVSMPREEAAEHIPLLFFAFPSAKDPTWEDRFPGRSTMIMLIPTAYEWFEWQAEKLGKRGSDYETFK
NSFVEASMSVWLKLPQLEGKVESVTAGSPLTNQFYLAAPRGACYGADHD LGR LHPCVMASLRAQSPIN
LYLTGQDIFTCGLVGALQGALLCSSAILKRNLYSDLKNLDSRIRAQKKKN

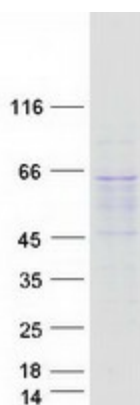
TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	66.6 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.



[View online »](#)

Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_060220
Locus ID:	54884
UniProt ID:	Q6NUM9
RefSeq Size:	3328
Cytogenetics:	2p11.2
RefSeq ORF:	1830
Summary:	Catalyzes the saturation of all-trans-retinol to all-trans-13,14-dihydroretinol. Does not exhibit any activity toward all-trans-retinoic acid, nor 9-cis, 11-cis or 13-cis-retinol isomers. May play a role in the metabolism of vitamin A. Independently of retinol conversion, may regulate liver metabolism upstream of MLXIPL/ChREBP. May play a role in adipocyte differentiation. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]
Protein Families:	Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Retinol metabolism

Product images:

Coomassie blue staining of purified RETSAT protein (Cat# TP309800). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with RETSAT cDNA clone (Cat# [RC209800]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).