

Product datasheet for **TP309493**

B4GALT4 (NM_003778) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,4- galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 4 (B4GALT4), transcript variant 2, 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC209493 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	<p>MGFNLTFHLSYKFRLLLLLLTLCLTVGWATSNYFVGAIQEIPKAKEFMANFHKTLLIGKGTLTNEASTK KVELDNCPSVSPYLRGQSKLIFKPDLTLEEVQAENPKVSRGRYPPEECKALQRVAILVPHRNREKHLMYL LEHLHPFLQRQQLDYGIYVIHQAEQKFNRAKLLNVGYLEALKEENWDCFIHFDVLDLPENDFNLYKCEE HPKHLVWGRNSTGYRLRYSGYFGGVTALSREQFFKVNQFSNNYWGWWGGEDDDLRLRVELQRMKISRPLPE VGKYTMVFHTRDKGNEVNAERMKLLHQVSRVWRDGLSSCSYKLVSVVEHNPLYINITVDFWFGA</p> <p>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</p>
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	39.9 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_003769</u>
Locus ID:	8702



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UniProt ID: [Q60513](#)

RefSeq Size: 2283

Cytogenetics: 3q13.32

RefSeq ORF: 1032

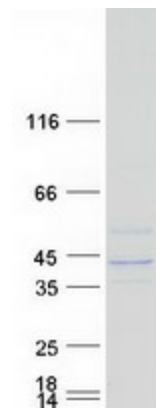
Synonyms: B4Gal-T4; beta4Gal-T4

Summary: This gene is one of seven beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GalT) genes. They encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate UDP-galactose; all transfer galactose in a beta1,4 linkage to similar acceptor sugars: GlcNAc, Glc, and Xyl. Each beta4GalT has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates and saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus and which then remains uncleaved to function as a transmembrane anchor. By sequence similarity, the beta4GalTs form four groups: beta4GalT1 and beta4GalT2, beta4GalT3 and beta4GalT4, beta4GalT5 and beta4GalT6, and beta4GalT7. The enzyme encoded by this gene appears to mainly play a role in glycolipid biosynthesis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - lacto and neolacto series, Keratan sulfate biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified B4GALT4 protein (Cat# TP309493). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with B4GALT4 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC209493]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).