

Product datasheet for TP308803

KPNA2 (NM_002266) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human karyopherin alpha 2 (RAG cohort 1, importin alpha 1) (KPNA2), 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC208803 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MSTNENANTPAARLHRFKNGKGDSTEMRRRRRIEVNVELRKAKKDDQMLKRRNVSSFPDDATSPLQENRNN
 QGTVNWSVDDIVKGINSSNVENQLQATQAARKLLSREKQPPIDNIIIRAGLIPKFVSFLGRTDCSPIQFES
 AWALTNIASGTSEQTKAVVDGGAIPAFISLLASPHAHISEQAVWALGNIAGDGSVFRDLVIKYGAVDPLL
 ALLAVPEMSSLACGYLRNLTWTLNLCRNKNPAPPIDAVEQILPTLVRLHHDDPEVLADTCWAISYLT
 GPNERIGMVVKTGVVPQLVKLLGASELPVTPALRAIGNIVTGTDEQTQWIDAGALAVFSPLLTNPKN
 IQKEATWTMSNITAGRQDQIQVWNHGLVPFLVSVLSKADFQTKEAVWAVTNYTSGGTVEQIVYLVHCG
 IIEPLMNLTLAKDTKIILVILDAISNIFQAAEKLGETEKLIMIEECGLDKIEALQNHENESVYKASLS
 LIEKYFSVEEEEDQNVVPETTSEGYTFQVQDGAPGTFNF

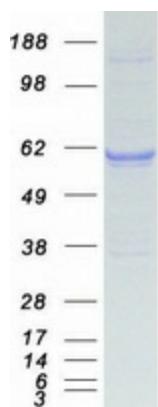
TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	57.7 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.


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Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_002257
Locus ID:	3838
UniProt ID:	P52292
RefSeq Size:	2011
Cytogenetics:	17q24.2
RefSeq ORF:	1587
Synonyms:	IPOA1; QIP2; RCH1; SRP1-alpha; SRP1alpha
Summary:	The import of proteins into the nucleus is a process that involves at least 2 steps. The first is an energy-independent docking of the protein to the nuclear envelope and the second is an energy-dependent translocation through the nuclear pore complex. Imported proteins require a nuclear localization sequence (NLS) which generally consists of a short region of basic amino acids or 2 such regions spaced about 10 amino acids apart. Proteins involved in the first step of nuclear import have been identified in different systems. These include the Xenopus protein importin and its yeast homolog, SRP1 (a suppressor of certain temperature-sensitive mutations of RNA polymerase I in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i>), which bind to the NLS. KPNA2 protein interacts with the NLSs of DNA helicase Q1 and SV40 T antigen and may be involved in the nuclear transport of proteins. KPNA2 also may play a role in V(D)J recombination. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016]
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified KPNA2 protein (Cat# TP308803). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with KPNA2 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC208803]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).