

Product datasheet for TP308669

alpha Tubulin (TUBA1A) (NM_006009) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human tubulin, alpha 1a (TUBA1A), 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC208669 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MRECISIHVGQAGVQIGNACWELYCLEHGIQPDGQMPSDKTIGGGDDSFNTFFSETGAGKHVPRAVFVDL
EPTVIDEVRTGTyrQLFHPEQLITGKEDAANNYARGHYTIGKEIIDLVDRIRKLADQCTGLQGFLVFHS
FGGGTGSgftsLLMERLSVDYgkksklefsiYPAPQVSTAVVEPYNSILTTHTTLEHSDCAFmVDNEAIY
DICRRNLDIERPTYTNLNRLIGQIVSSITASLRFDGALNVDLTFEQTNLVPYPRIHFPLATYAPVISAek
AYHEQLSVAEITNACFEPANQMVKCDPRHGKYMACCLLYRGDVVPKDVNAAIATIKTKRTIQFVDWCPTG
FKVGINYPPTVPPGGDLAKVQRAVCMLSNNTTAIAEAWARLDHKFDLMyAKRAfVHWVYVGEgMEEGefS
E
AREDMAALEKDYEEVGVDsVEGEgEEEEgEEY

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	50 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



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RefSeq: [NP_006000](#)

Locus ID: 7846

UniProt ID: [Q71U36](#)

RefSeq Size: 1930

Cytogenetics: 12q13.12

RefSeq ORF: 1353

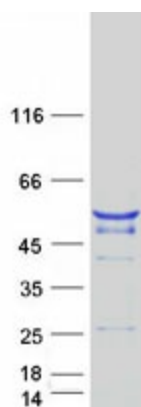
Synonyms: B-ALPHA-1; LIS3; TUBA3

Summary: Microtubules of the eukaryotic cytoskeleton perform essential and diverse functions and are composed of a heterodimer of alpha and beta tubulins. The genes encoding these microtubule constituents belong to the tubulin superfamily, which is composed of six distinct families. Genes from the alpha, beta and gamma tubulin families are found in all eukaryotes. The alpha and beta tubulins represent the major components of microtubules, while gamma tubulin plays a critical role in the nucleation of microtubule assembly. There are multiple alpha and beta tubulin genes, which are highly conserved among species. This gene encodes alpha tubulin and is highly similar to the mouse and rat Tuba1 genes. Northern blot studies have shown that the gene expression is predominantly found in morphologically differentiated neurologic cells. This gene is one of three alpha-tubulin genes in a cluster on chromosome 12q. Mutations in this gene cause lissencephaly type 3 (LIS3) - a neurological condition characterized by microcephaly, intellectual disability, and early-onset epilepsy caused by defective neuronal migration. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2017]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Gap junction, Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified TUBA1A protein (Cat# TP308669). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with TUBA1A cDNA clone (Cat# [RC208669]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).