

Product datasheet for **TP306534M**

Fibromodulin (FMOD) (NM_002023) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human fibromodulin (FMOD), 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC206534 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MQWTSLLLLLAGLFSLSQAQYEDDPHWWFHYLRSQQSTYYDPYDPYPYETYEPYPYGVDEGPAYTYGSPSP
PDPRDCPQECDCPPNFPTAMYCDNRNLKYLFPVPSRMKYVYFQNNQITSIQEGVFDNATGLLWIALHGNQ
ITSDKVGRKVFSLRHLERLYLDHNNLTRMPGPLPRSLRELHLDHNQISRVPNNALEGLNLTALYLQHN
EIQEVGSSMRGLRSLILLDSYNHLRKPVDGLPSALEQLYMEHNNVYTPDSYFRGAPKLLYVRLSHNSL
TNNGLASNTFNSSSLELDLSYNQLQKIPPVNTNLENLYLQGNRINEFSISSFCTVVDWVNFSLQVLRLL
DGNEIKRSAMPADAPLCLRLASLIEI

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	41.2 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Bioactivity:	Cell treatment (PMID: 25406462)
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_002014



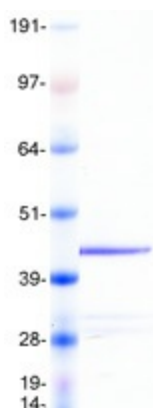
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Locus ID:	2331
UniProt ID:	Q06828 , A0A024R971 , Q12833 , B3KS64
RefSeq Size:	3271
Cytogenetics:	1q32.1
RefSeq ORF:	1128
Synonyms:	FM; SLRR2E

Summary: Fibromodulin belongs to the family of small interstitial proteoglycans. The encoded protein possesses a central region containing leucine-rich repeats with 4 keratan sulfate chains, flanked by terminal domains containing disulphide bonds. Owing to the interaction with type I and type II collagen fibrils and in vitro inhibition of fibrillogenesis, the encoded protein may play a role in the assembly of extracellular matrix. It may also regulate TGF-beta activities by sequestering TGF-beta into the extracellular matrix. Sequence variations in this gene may be associated with the pathogenesis of high myopia. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2013]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified FMOD protein (Cat# [TP306534]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with FMOD cDNA clone (Cat# [RC206534]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).