

Product datasheet for **TP305582M**

IFIT2 (NM_001547) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human interferon-induced protein with tetratricopeptide repeats 2 (IFIT2), 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC205582 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MSENNKNSLESSLRQLKCHFTWNLMEGENSLDDFEDKVFYRTEFQNREFKATMCNLLAYLKHLKGQNEAA
LECLRKAEEELIQQEHADQAEIRSLVTWGN YAWVYYHMGRLSDVQIYVDKVRHVCEKFSSPYRIESPELDC
EEGWTRLKCGGNQNERAKVCFEKALEKKPKNPEFTSGLAIASYRLDNWPPSQNAIDPLRQAIRLNPDNQY
LKVLLALKLHKMREEGEEEGEGEKLVEEALEKAPGVTDVLRSAKFYRRKDEPKAIELLKKALEYIPNN
AYLHCQIGCCYRAKVFQVMNLRNGMYGKRKLELIGHAVAHLKKADEANDNLFVCSILASLHALADQY
EEAEYFQKEFSKELTPVAKQLLHLRYGNFQLYQMKCEDKAIHHFIEGVKINQKSREKEKMKDKLQKIAK
MRLSKNGADSEALHVLAFQLQELNEKMQQADEDSERGLESGSLIPSASSWNGEWRIEMWCPLGYC

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

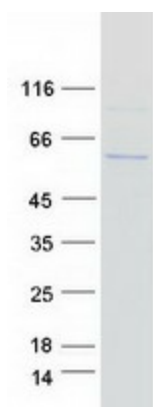
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	54.5 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



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RefSeq:	NP_001538
Locus ID:	3433
UniProt ID:	P09913 , Q05DN2
RefSeq Size:	3505
Cytogenetics:	10q23.31
RefSeq ORF:	1452
Synonyms:	cig42; G10P2; GARG-39; IFI-54; IFI-54K; IFI54; IFIT-2; ISG-54 K; ISG-54K; ISG54; P54
Summary:	IFN-induced antiviral protein which inhibits expression of viral messenger RNAs lacking 2'-O-methylation of the 5' cap. The ribose 2'-O-methylation would provide a molecular signature to distinguish between self and non-self mRNAs by the host during viral infection. Viruses evolved several ways to evade this restriction system such as encoding their own 2'-O-methylase for their mRNAs or by stealing host cap containing the 2'-O-methylation (cap snatching mechanism). Binds AU-rich viral RNAs, with or without 5' triphosphorylation, RNA-binding is required for antiviral activity. Can promote apoptosis.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified IFIT2 protein (Cat# [TP305582]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with IFIT2 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC205582]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).