

Product datasheet for **TP305378M**

Hyaluronidase PH20 (SPAM1) (NM_003117) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human sperm adhesion molecule 1 (PH-20 hyaluronidase, zona pellucida binding) (SPAM1), transcript variant 1, 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC205378 representing NM_003117 Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MGVLKFKHIFFRSFVKSSGVSQIVFTFLLIPCCLTNFRAPPVIPNPFLWAWNAPSEFCLGKFDEPLDM
SLFSFIGSPRINATGQGVTFIFYVDRLGYYPYIDSITGVTVNGGIPQKISLQDHLDKAKKDITFYMPVDNL
GMAVIDWEEWRPTWARNWKPKDVYKNRSIELVQQQNVQLSLTEATEKAKQEFEKAGKDFLVETIKLGKLL
RPNHLWGYYLFPDCYNHHYKPKGYNGSCFNVEIKRNDLSWLWNESTALYPSIYLNTQQSPVAATLYVRN
RVREAIRVSKIPDAKSPLPVFAYTRIVFTDQVLKFLSQDELVYTFGETVALGASGIVIWGTLSIMRSMKS
CLLLDNYMETILNPYIINVTLAAKMCSQVLCQEQGVCIRKNWNSSDYHLHNPDNFAIQLEKGGKFTVRGK
PTLEDLEQFSEKFCYSCYSTLSCKEKADVKD TDAVDVCIADGVCIDAFLKPPMETEEPQIFYNASPSTLS
ATMFIWRLEVWDQGISRIGFF

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

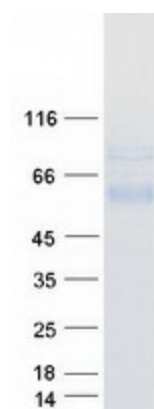
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	58.2 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.



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Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_003108
Locus ID:	6677
UniProt ID:	P38567 , Q5D1J4
RefSeq Size:	2395
Cytogenetics:	7q31.32
RefSeq ORF:	1533
Synonyms:	HEL-S-96n; HYA1; HYAL1; HYAL3; HYAL5; PH-20; PH20; SPAG15
Summary:	Hyaluronidase degrades hyaluronic acid, a major structural proteoglycan found in extracellular matrices and basement membranes. Six members of the hyaluronidase family are clustered into two tightly linked groups on chromosome 3p21.3 and 7q31.3. This gene was previously referred to as HYAL1 and HYA1 and has since been assigned the official symbol SPAM1; another family member on chromosome 3p21.3 has been assigned HYAL1. This gene encodes a GPI-anchored enzyme located on the human sperm surface and inner acrosomal membrane. This multifunctional protein is a hyaluronidase that enables sperm to penetrate through the hyaluronic acid-rich cumulus cell layer surrounding the oocyte, a receptor that plays a role in hyaluronic acid induced cell signaling, and a receptor that is involved in sperm-zona pellucida adhesion. Abnormal expression of this gene in tumors has implicated this protein in degradation of basement membranes leading to tumor invasion and metastasis. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Glycosaminoglycan degradation, Metabolic pathways

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified SPAM1 protein (Cat# [TP305378]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with SPAM1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC205378]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).