

Product datasheet for **TP305080M**

Peroxiredoxin 3 (PRDX3) (NM_006793) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human peroxiredoxin 3 (PRDX3), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, transcript variant 1, 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC205080 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	MAAAVGRLLRASVARHVS AIPWGISATAALRPAACGR TSLTNLLCSGSSQAKLFSTSSSCHAPAVTQHAP YFKGTAVVNGEFKDLSDLDDFKGKYLVLFFYPLDFTVCPT EIVAFSDKANEFHDVNCEVAVSVDSHFSH LAWINTPRKNGGLGHMNIALLSDLTKQISR DYGVLL EGSGLALRGLFIIDPNGVIKHLVNDLPVGRSVE ETLRLVKAFQYVETHGEVCPANWTPDSPTIKPSPAASKEYFQKVNQ
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	21.4 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_006784</u>
Locus ID:	10935



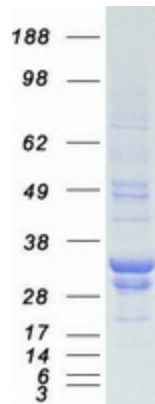
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UniProt ID: [P30048](#), [A0A384MTR2](#)
RefSeq Size: 1641
Cytogenetics: 10q26.11
RefSeq ORF: 768
Synonyms: AOP-1; AOP1; HBC189; MER5; PRO1748; prx-III; SP-22

Summary: This gene encodes a mitochondrial protein with antioxidant function. The protein is similar to the C22 subunit of *Salmonella typhimurium* alkylhydroperoxide reductase, and it can rescue bacterial resistance to alkylhydroperoxide in *E. coli* that lack the C22 subunit. The human and mouse genes are highly conserved, and they map to the regions syntenic between mouse and human chromosomes. Sequence comparisons with recently cloned mammalian homologs suggest that these genes consist of a family that is responsible for the regulation of cellular proliferation, differentiation and antioxidant functions. This family member can protect cells from oxidative stress, and it can promote cell survival in prostate cancer. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 1, 3, 13 and 22. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2014]

Protein Families: Transcription Factors

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified PRDX3 protein (Cat# [TP305080]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PRDX3 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC205080]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).