

Product datasheet for **TP305080L**

Peroxiredoxin 3 (PRDX3) (NM_006793) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human peroxiredoxin 3 (PRDX3), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, transcript variant 1, 1 mg

Species: Human

Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: >RC205080 protein sequence
Red=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

MAAAVGRLLRASVARHVS AIPWGISATAALRPAACGRTSLTNLLCSGSSQAKLFSTSSSCHAPAVTQHAP
YFKGTAVVNGEFKDLSDLDDFKGKYLVLFFYPLDFTVCPT EIVAFSDKANEFHDVNCEVAVSVDSHFSH
LAWINTPRKNGGLGHMNIALLSDLTKQISR DYGVLL EGSGLALRGLFIIDPNGVIKHL SVNDLPVGRSVE
ETLRLVKAFQYVETHGEVCPANWTPDSPTIKPSPAASKEYFQKVNQ

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 21.4 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: [NP_006784](#)

Locus ID: 10935



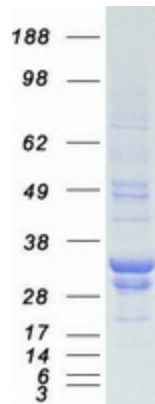
[View online »](#)

UniProt ID: [P30048](#), [A0A384MTR2](#)
RefSeq Size: 1641
Cytogenetics: 10q26.11
RefSeq ORF: 768
Synonyms: AOP-1; AOP1; HBC189; MER5; PRO1748; prx-III; SP-22

Summary: This gene encodes a mitochondrial protein with antioxidant function. The protein is similar to the C22 subunit of *Salmonella typhimurium* alkylhydroperoxide reductase, and it can rescue bacterial resistance to alkylhydroperoxide in *E. coli* that lack the C22 subunit. The human and mouse genes are highly conserved, and they map to the regions syntenic between mouse and human chromosomes. Sequence comparisons with recently cloned mammalian homologs suggest that these genes consist of a family that is responsible for the regulation of cellular proliferation, differentiation and antioxidant functions. This family member can protect cells from oxidative stress, and it can promote cell survival in prostate cancer. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 1, 3, 13 and 22. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2014]

Protein Families: Transcription Factors

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified PRDX3 protein (Cat# [TP305080]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PRDX3 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC205080]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).