

Product datasheet for TP304976L

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Prealbumin (TTR) (NM_000371) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human transthyretin (TTR), 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC204976 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MASHRLLLLCLAGLVFVSEAGPTGTGESKCPLMVKVLDAVRGSPAINVAVHVFRKAADDTWEPFASGKTS ESGELHGLTTEEEFVEGIYKVEIDTKSYWKALGISPFHEHAEVVFTANDSGPRRYTIAALLSPYSYSTTA

VVTNPKE

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 13.7 kDa

Concentration: $>0.05 \mu g/\mu L$ as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeg: NP 000362

Locus ID: 7276

UniProt ID: <u>P02766</u>, <u>E9KL36</u>

RefSeq Size: 938



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Cytogenetics: 18q12.1

RefSeg ORF: 441

Synonyms: ATTR; CTS; CTS1; HEL111; HsT2651; PALB; TBPA; TTN

Summary: This gene encodes one of the three prealbumins, which include alpha-1-antitrypsin,

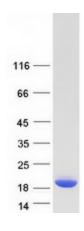
transthyretin and orosomucoid. The encoded protein, transthyretin, is a homo-tetrameric carrier protein, which transports thyroid hormones in the plasma and cerebrospinal fluid. It is also involved in the transport of retinol (vitamin A) in the plasma by associating with retinol-binding protein. The protein may also be involved in other intracellular processes including proteolysis, nerve regeneration, autophagy and glucose homeostasis. Mutations in this gene are associated with amyloid deposition, predominantly affecting peripheral nerves or the heart, while a small percentage of the gene mutations are non-amyloidogenic. The mutations are implicated in the etiology of several diseases, including amyloidotic polyneuropathy, euthyroid hyperthyroxinaemia, amyloidotic vitreous opacities, cardiomyopathy,

oculoleptomeningeal amyloidosis, meningocerebrovascular amyloidosis and carpal tunnel

syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]

Protein Families: ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Secreted Protein

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified TTR protein (Cat# [TP304976]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with TTR cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204976]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).