

Product datasheet for TP304801L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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C2ORF25 (MMADHC) (NM_015702) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human methylmalonic aciduria (cobalamin deficiency) cblD type, with

homocystinuria (MMADHC), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC204801 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MANVLCNRARLVSYLPGFCSLVKRVVNPKAFSTAGSSGSDESHVAAAPPDICSRTVWPDETMGPFGPQD

Q

RFQLPGNIGFDCHLNGTASQKKSLVHKTLPDVLAEPLSSERHEFVMAQYVNEFQGNDAPVEQEINSAETY FESARVECAIQTCPELLRKDFESLFPEVANGKLMILTVTQKTKNDMTVWSEEVEIEREVLLEKFINGAKE ICYALRAEGYWADFIDPSSGLAFFGPYTNNTLFETDERYRHLGFSVDDLGCCKVIRHSLWGTHVVVGSIF

TNATPDSHIMKKLSGN

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 32.8 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 056517





Locus ID: 27249

UniProt ID: Q9H3L0 RefSeq Size: 1466 Cytogenetics: 2q23.2 RefSeq ORF: 888

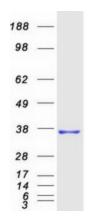
Synonyms: C2orf25; cbID; CL25022

Summary: This gene encodes a mitochondrial protein that is involved in an early step of vitamin B12

> metabolism. Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) is essential for normal development and survival in humans. Mutations in this gene cause methylmalonic aciduria and homocystinuria type cbID (MMADHC), a disorder of cobalamin metabolism that is characterized by decreased levels of the coenzymes adenosylcobalamin and methylcobalamin. Pseudogenes have been identified

on chromosomes 11 and X.[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2008]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified MMADHC protein (Cat# [TP304801]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with MMADHC cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204801]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).