

Product datasheet for **TP304703**

ERK2 (MAPK1) (NM_138957) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human mitogen-activated protein kinase 1 (MAPK1), transcript variant 2
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	41.2 kDa
Concentration:	>50 ug/mL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_620407</u>
Locus ID:	5594
RefSeq Size:	1514
Cytogenetics:	22q11.22
RefSeq ORF:	1080
Synonyms:	ERK; ERK-2; ERK2; ERT1; MAPK2; p38; p40; p41; p41 mapk; p42-MAPK; P42MAPK; PRKM1; PRKM2



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Summary:

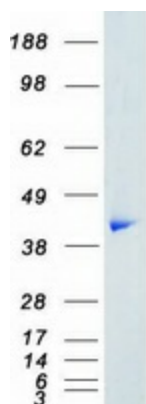
This gene encodes a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases, also known as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. The activation of this kinase requires its phosphorylation by upstream kinases. Upon activation, this kinase translocates to the nucleus of the stimulated cells, where it phosphorylates nuclear targets. One study also suggests that this protein acts as a transcriptional repressor independent of its kinase activity. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein, but differing in the UTRs, have been reported for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase

Protein Pathways:

Acute myeloid leukemia, Adherens junction, Alzheimer's disease, Axon guidance, B cell receptor signaling pathway, Bladder cancer, Chemokine signaling pathway, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Dorso-ventral axis formation, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, GnRH signaling pathway, Insulin signaling pathway, Long-term depression, Long-term potentiation, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanogenesis, Melanoma, mTOR signaling pathway, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, Non-small cell lung cancer, Oocyte meiosis, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Prion diseases, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Renal cell carcinoma, T cell receptor signaling pathway, TGF-beta signaling pathway, Thyroid cancer, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway, Type II diabetes mellitus, Vascular smooth muscle contraction, VEGF signaling pathway

Product images:

Coomassie blue staining of purified MAPK1 protein (Cat# TP304703). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with MAPK1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204703]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).