

Product datasheet for TP304548M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GFAP (NM 002055) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP), transcript variant 1, 100 μg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC204548 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MERRRITSAARRSYVSSGEMMVGGLAPGRRLGPGTRLSLARMPPPLPTRVDFSLAGALNAGFKETRASER AEMMELNDRFASYIEKVRFLEQQNKALAAELNQLRAKEPTKLADVYQAELRELRLRLDQLTANSARLEVE RDNLAQDLATVRQKLQDETNLRLEAENNLAAYRQEADEATLARLDLERKIESLEEEIRFLRKIHEEEVRE LQEQLARQQVHVELDVAKPDLTAALKEIRTQYEAMASSNMHEAEEWYRSKFADLTDAAARNAELLRQAKH EANDYRRQLQSLTCDLESLRGTNESLERQMREQEERHVREAASYQEALARLEEEGQSLKDEMARHLQEYQ DLLNVKLALDIEIATYRKLLEGEENRITIPVQTFSNLQIRETSLDTKSVSEGHLKRNIVVKTVEMRDGEV

IKESKQEHKDVM

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 49.7 kDa

Concentration: >0.1 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Bioactivity: WB positive control (PMID: 29774780)

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.





RefSeq: NP 002046

Locus ID: 2670

UniProt ID: <u>P14136</u>, <u>A7REI1</u>

RefSeq Size: 3097

Cytogenetics: 17q21.31
RefSeq ORF: 1296
Synonyms: ALXDRD

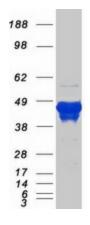
Summary: This gene encodes one of the major intermediate filament proteins of mature astrocytes. It is

used as a marker to distinguish astrocytes from other glial cells during development. Mutations in this gene cause Alexander disease, a rare disorder of astrocytes in the central nervous system. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct

isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

Protein Families: ES Cell Differentiation/IPS

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified GFAP protein (Cat# [TP304548]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with GFAP cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204548]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).