

Product datasheet for **TP304296**

KLHL22 (NM_032775) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

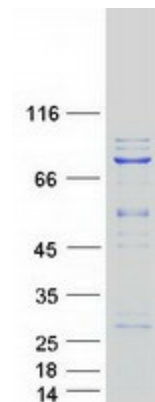
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human kelch-like 22 (Drosophila) (KLHL22), 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC204296 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	<p>MAEEQEFTQLCKLPAQPSHPHCVNNTYRSAQHSQALLRGLLALRD SGILFDVVLWVEGRHIEAHRILLAA SCDYFRGMFAGGLKEMEQUEEVLIHGVSYNAMCQILHFIYTSELELSNVQETLVAACQLQIPEIIHFCC DFLMSWWDEENILDVYRLAELFDLSRLTEQLD TYILKNFVAFSRTDKYRQLPLEKVYSLSSNRLEVSCE TEVYEGALLYHYSLEQVQADQISLHEPPKLETVRFPLMEAEVLQRLHDKLDPSPLRDTVASALMYHRNE SLQPSLQSPQTELRSDFCVVGFGGIHSTPSTVLS DQAKYLNPLLGEWKHFTASLAPRMSNQGI AVLNNF VYLIGGDNNVQGFRAESRCWRYDPRHNRWFQI QSLQQEHADLSVCVVGRIYAVAGRDYHNDLNAVERY D PATNSWAYVAPLKREVYAHAGATLEGKMYITCGRRGEDY LKETHCYDPGSNTWHTLADGPVRRAWHGM AT LLNKLYVIGGSNNDAGYRRDVHQVACYSCTSGQWSSVCPLPAGHGEPGIAVL DNRIYVLGGRSHNRGSR T GYVHIYDVEKDCWEEGPQLDNSISGLAACVLTLP RSLLEPPRGTPDRSQADPDFASEVMSVSDWEEFDN SSED</p> <p>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</p>
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	71.5 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.



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Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_116164
Locus ID:	84861
UniProt ID:	Q53GT1
RefSeq Size:	2637
Cytogenetics:	22q11.21
RefSeq ORF:	1902
Synonyms:	KELCHL
Summary:	Substrate-specific adapter of a BCR (BTB-CUL3-RBX1) E3 ubiquitin ligase complex required for chromosome alignment and localization of PLK1 at kinetochores. The BCR(KLHL22) ubiquitin ligase complex mediates monoubiquitination of PLK1, leading to PLK1 dissociation from phosphoreceptor proteins and subsequent removal from kinetochores, allowing silencing of the spindle assembly checkpoint (SAC) and chromosome segregation. Monoubiquitination of PLK1 does not lead to PLK1 degradation (PubMed:19995937, PubMed:23455478). The BCR(KLHL22) ubiquitin ligase complex is also responsible for the amino acid-stimulated 'Lys-48' polyubiquitination and proteasomal degradation of DEPDC5. Through the degradation of DEPDC5, releases the GATOR1 complex-mediated inhibition of the TORC1 pathway. It is therefore an amino acid-dependent activator within the amino acid-sensing branch of the TORC1 pathway, indirectly regulating different cellular processes including cell growth and autophagy (PubMed:29769719).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified KLHL22 protein (Cat# TP304296). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with KLHL22 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204296]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).