

Product datasheet for **TP304032M**

Ribonuclease H2, subunit A (RNASEH2A) (NM_006397) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human ribonuclease H2, subunit A (RNASEH2A), 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC204032 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	MDLSELERDNTGRCRLSSPVPVAVCRKEPCVLGVDEAGRGPVLGPMVYAICYCPLPRLADLEALKVADSKT LLESERERLFAKMEDTDFVGWALDVLSPNLISTSMLGRVKYNLNSLSHDTATGLIQYALDQGVNVTQVFV DTVGMPEYQARLQQSFPGIEVTVKAKADALYPVSAASICAKVARDQAVKKWQFVEKLQDLDDTDYGSYG PNDPKTKAWLKEHVEPVFGFPQFVRFSWRTAQ TILEKEAEDVIWEDSASENQEGLRKITSYFLNEGSQAR PRSSHRYFLERGLSATSL
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	33.2 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_006388
Locus ID:	10535



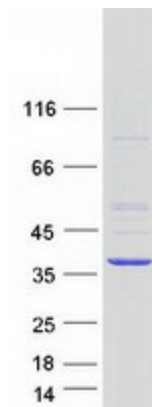
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UniProt ID: [O75792](#)
RefSeq Size: 1148
Cytogenetics: 19p13.13
RefSeq ORF: 897
Synonyms: AGS4; JUNB; RNASEHI; RNHIA; RNHL; THSD8

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a component of the heterotrimeric type II ribonuclease H enzyme (RNaseH2). RNaseH2 is the major source of ribonuclease H activity in mammalian cells and endonucleolytically cleaves ribonucleotides. It is predicted to remove Okazaki fragment RNA primers during lagging strand DNA synthesis and to excise single ribonucleotides from DNA-DNA duplexes. Mutations in this gene cause Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (AGS), a an autosomal recessive neurological disorder characterized by progressive microcephaly and psychomotor retardation, intracranial calcifications, elevated levels of interferon-alpha and white blood cells in the cerebrospinal fluid.[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2009]

Protein Pathways: DNA replication

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified RNASEH2A protein (Cat# [TP304032]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with RNASEH2A cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204032]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).