

## Product datasheet for **TP304032L**

### Ribonuclease H2, subunit A (RNASEH2A) (NM\_006397) Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human ribonuclease H2, subunit A (RNASEH2A), 1 mg

**Species:** Human

**Expression Host:** HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone  
or AA Sequence:** >RC204032 protein sequence  
**Red**=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

MDLSELERDNTGRCRLSSPVPVAVCRKEPCVLGVDEAGRGPVLGPMVYAICYCPLPRLADLEALKVADSKT  
LLESERERLFAKMEDTDFVGWALDVLSPNLISTSMLGRVKYNLNSLSHDTATGLIQYALDQGVNVTQVFV  
DTVGMPEYQARLQQSFPGIEVTVKAKADALYPVSAASICAKVARDQAVKKWQFVEKLQDLDDTDYGSYG  
PNDPKTKAWLKEHVEPVFGFPQFVRFSWRTAQTILEKEAEDVIWEDSASENQEGLRKITSYFLNEGSQAR  
PRSSHRYFLERGLSATSL

**TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV**

**Tag:** C-Myc/DDK

**Predicted MW:** 33.2 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Preparation:** Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.

**Storage:** Store at -80°C.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** [NP\\_006388](#)

**Locus ID:** 10535



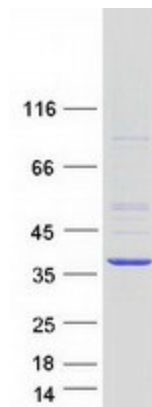
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UniProt ID: [O75792](#)  
RefSeq Size: 1148  
Cytogenetics: 19p13.13  
RefSeq ORF: 897  
Synonyms: AGS4; JUNB; RNASEHI; RNHIA; RNHL; THSD8

**Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a component of the heterotrimeric type II ribonuclease H enzyme (RNaseH2). RNaseH2 is the major source of ribonuclease H activity in mammalian cells and endonucleolytically cleaves ribonucleotides. It is predicted to remove Okazaki fragment RNA primers during lagging strand DNA synthesis and to excise single ribonucleotides from DNA-DNA duplexes. Mutations in this gene cause Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (AGS), a an autosomal recessive neurological disorder characterized by progressive microcephaly and psychomotor retardation, intracranial calcifications, elevated levels of interferon-alpha and white blood cells in the cerebrospinal fluid.[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2009]

**Protein Pathways:** DNA replication

### Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified RNASEH2A protein (Cat# [TP304032]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with RNASEH2A cDNA clone (Cat# [RC204032]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).