

Product datasheet for **TP303742L**

HBA2 (NM_000517) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human hemoglobin, alpha 2 (HBA2), 1 mg

Species: Human

Expression Host: HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone
or AA Sequence:** >RC203742 protein sequence
Red=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

MVLSPADKTNVKAAWGKVGGAHAGEYGAELERMFLSFPTTKTYFPHFDLSHGSAQVKGHGKKVADALTNA
VAHVDDMPNALSALSDLHAHKLRVDPVNFKLLSHCLLVTLAAHLPAEFTPAVHASLDKFLASVSTVLTSK
YR

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 15.1 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: [NP_000508](#)

Locus ID: 3040

UniProt ID: [P69905](#), [D1MGQ2](#)

RefSeq Size: 622



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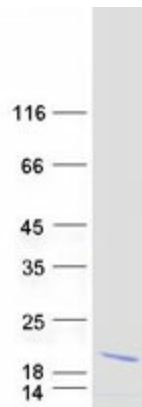
Cytogenetics: 16p13.3

RefSeq ORF: 426

Synonyms: ECT7; HBA-T2; HBH

Summary: The human alpha globin gene cluster located on chromosome 16 spans about 30 kb and includes seven loci: 5'- zeta - pseudozeta - mu - pseudoalpha-1 - alpha-2 - alpha-1 - theta - 3'. The alpha-2 (HBA2) and alpha-1 (HBA1) coding sequences are identical. These genes differ slightly over the 5' untranslated regions and the introns, but they differ significantly over the 3' untranslated regions. Two alpha chains plus two beta chains constitute HbA, which in normal adult life comprises about 97% of the total hemoglobin; alpha chains combine with delta chains to constitute HbA-2, which with HbF (fetal hemoglobin) makes up the remaining 3% of adult hemoglobin. Alpha thalassemias result from deletions of each of the alpha genes as well as deletions of both HBA2 and HBA1; some nondeletion alpha thalassemias have also been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified HBA2 protein (Cat# [TP303742]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with HBA2 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC203742]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).