

Product datasheet for TP303270L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

BANF1 (NM_003860) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human barrier to autointegration factor 1 (BANF1), transcript variant

1, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC203270 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MTTSQKHRDFVAEPMGEKPVGSLAGIGEVLGKKLEERGFDKAYVVLGQFLVLKKDEDLFREWLKDTCGAN

AKQSRDCFGCLREWCDAFL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 9.9 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 003851

Locus ID: 8815

UniProt ID: <u>075531</u>, <u>A0A024R5H0</u>

RefSeq Size: 1179





Cytogenetics: 11q13.1

RefSeq ORF: 267

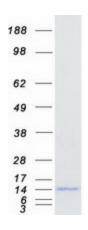
Synonyms: BAF; BCRP1; D14S1460; NGPS

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene was first identified by its ability to protect retroviruses from

intramolecular integration and therefore promote intermolecular integration into the host cell genome. The protein forms a homodimer which localizes to both the nucleus and cytoplasm and is specifically associated with chromosomes during mitosis. This protein binds to double stranded DNA in a non-specific manner and also binds to LEM-domain containing proteins of the nuclear envelope. This protein is thought to facilitate nuclear reassembly by binding with both DNA and inner nuclear membrane proteins and thereby recruit chromatin to the nuclear periphery. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same

protein.[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified BANF1 protein (Cat# [TP303270]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with BANF1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC203270]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).