

Product datasheet for TP302879L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ICAD (DFFA) (NM_004401) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human DNA fragmentation factor, 45kDa, alpha polypeptide (DFFA),

transcript variant 1, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC202879 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MEVTGDAGVPESGEIRTLKPCLLRRNYSREQHGVAASCLEDLRSKACDILAIDKSLTPVTLVLAEDGTIV DDDDYFLCLPSNTKFVALASNEKWAYNNSDGGTAWISQESFDVDETDSGAGLKWKNVARQLKEDLSSIIL LSEEDLQMLVDAPCSDLAQELRQSCATVQRLQHTLQQVLDQREEVRQSKQLLQLYLQALEKEGSLLSKQE ESKAAFGEEVDAVDTGISRETSSDVALASHILTALREKQAPELSLSSQDLELVTKEDPKALAVALNWDIK

KTETVQEACEWELALRLQQTQSLHSLRSISASKASPPGDLQNPKRARQDPT

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 36.3 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 004392

Locus ID: 1676



ICAD (DFFA) (NM_004401) Human Recombinant Protein - TP302879L

UniProt ID: 000273

RefSeq Size: 2053 Cytogenetics: 1p36.22

RefSeq ORF: 993

Synonyms: DFF-45; DFF1; ICAD

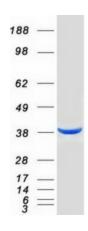
Summary: Apoptosis is a cell death process that removes toxic and/or useless cells during mammalian

development. The apoptotic process is accompanied by shrinkage and fragmentation of the cells and nuclei and degradation of the chromosomal DNA into nucleosomal units. DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is a heterodimeric protein of 40-kD (DFFB) and 45-kD (DFFA) subunits. DFFA is the substrate for caspase-3 and triggers DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. DFF becomes activated when DFFA is cleaved by caspase-3. The cleaved fragments of DFFA dissociate from DFFB, the active component of DFF. DFFB has been found to trigger both DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided

by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Pathways: Apoptosis

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified DFFA protein (Cat# [TP302879]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with DFFA cDNA clone (Cat# [RC202879]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).