

Product datasheet for **TP302690**

HAX1 (NM_006118) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

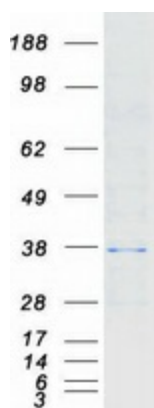
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human HCLS1 associated protein X-1 (HAX1), transcript variant 1, 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC202690 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	MSLFDLFRGFFGFPGRSHRDPFFGGMTRDEDDDEEEEEEGGSWGRGNPRFHSPQHPPEEFGFGFSFSP G GGIRFHDNFGFDDLVRDFNSIFSDMGAWTLPSHPPELPGPESETPGERLREGQTLRDSMLKYPDSHQPRI FGGVLESDARSESPQAPDWGSQRPFHRFDDVWPMDPHPRTREDNDLDSQVSQEGGLGPVLQPQPKSYF KS ISVTKITKPDGIVEERTVVDSEGRTEETTTRHEADSSPRGDPESPRPPALDDAFSILDLFLGRWFRSR
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	31.4 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_006109</u>



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Locus ID:	10456
UniProt ID:	O00165
RefSeq Size:	1196
Cytogenetics:	1q21.3
RefSeq ORF:	837
Synonyms:	HCLSBP1; HS1BP1; SCN3
Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene is known to associate with hematopoietic cell-specific Lyn substrate 1, a substrate of Src family tyrosine kinases. It also interacts with the product of the polycystic kidney disease 2 gene, mutations in which are associated with autosomal-dominant polycystic kidney disease, and with the F-actin-binding protein, cortactin. It was earlier thought that this gene product is mainly localized in the mitochondria, however, recent studies indicate it to be localized in the cell body. Mutations in this gene result in autosomal recessive severe congenital neutropenia, also known as Kostmann disease. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified HAX1 protein (Cat# TP302690). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with HAX1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC202690]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).