

# **Product datasheet for TP302583L**

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## ALKBH7 (NM\_032306) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human alkB, alkylation repair homolog 7 (E. coli) (ALKBH7), 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone** >RC202583 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAGTGLLALRTLPGPSWVRGSGPSVLSRLQDAAVVRPGFLSTAEEETLSRELEPELRRRRYEYDHWDAAI HGFRETEKSRWSEASRAILQRVQAAAFGPGQTLLSSVHVLDLEARGYIKPHVDSIKFCGATIAGLSLLSP SVMRLVHTQEPGEWLELLLEPGSLYILRGSARYDFSHEILRDEESFFGERRIPRGRRISVICRSLPEGMG

**PGESGQPPPAC** 

**TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV** 

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 24.3 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Preparation:** Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** NP 115682

Locus ID: 84266 UniProt ID: Q9BT30



#### ALKBH7 (NM\_032306) Human Recombinant Protein - TP302583L

RefSeq Size: 1331

Cytogenetics: 19p13.3

RefSeq ORF: 663

Synonyms: ABH7; SPATA11; UNQ6002

Summary: May function as protein hydroxylase; can catalyze auto-hydroxylation at Leu-110 (in vitro),

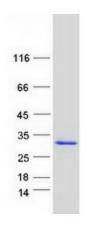
but this activity may be due to the absence of the true substrate (PubMed:25122757). Required to induce programmed necrosis in response to DNA damage caused by cytotoxic alkylating agents. Acts by triggering the collapse of mitochondrial membrane potential and

loss of mitochondrial function that leads to energy depletion and cell death

(PubMed:23666923). ALKBH7-mediated necrosis is probably required to prevent the accumulation of cells with DNA damage (PubMed:23666923). Does not display DNA demethylase activity (PubMed:23666923). Involved in fatty acid metabolism (By similarity).

[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

## **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified ALKBH7 protein (Cat# [TP302583]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ALKBH7 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC202583]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).