

Product datasheet for **TP301794L**

MRPL28 (NM_006428) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

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|---------------------------------------|---|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Recombinant protein of human mitochondrial ribosomal protein L28 (MRPL28), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, 1 mg |
| Species: | Human |
| Expression Host: | HEK293T |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | >RC201794 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s) |
| | MPLHKYPVWLWKRLQLREGICSRPLPGHYLRSLEEERTPTPVHYRPHGAKFKINPKNGQRERVEDVPIPIY FPESQRGLWGGEGWILGQIYANNDKLSKRLKKVWKPQLFEREFYSEILDKKFTVTVMRTLDLIDEAYG LDFYILKTPKEDLCSKFGMDLKRGMLLRLARQDPQLHPEDPERRAAIYDKYKEFAIPEEEAEWVGLTLEE AIEKQRLLEEKDPVPLFKIYVAELIQQLQQQALSEPAVVQKRASGQ TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV |
| Tag: | C-Myc/DDK |
| Predicted MW: | 30 kDa |
| Concentration: | >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method |
| Purity: | > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol |
| Preparation: | Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps. |
| Note: | For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process. |
| Storage: | Store at -80°C. |
| Stability: | Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| RefSeq: | <u>NP_006419</u> |
| Locus ID: | 10573 |



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UniProt ID: [Q13084](#)

RefSeq Size: 1161

Cytogenetics: 16p13.3

RefSeq ORF: 768

Synonyms: MAAT1; p15

Summary: Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein, a part of which was originally isolated by its ability to recognize tyrosinase in an HLA-A24-restricted fashion. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified MRPL28 protein (Cat# [TP301794]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with MRPL28 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201794]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).