

Product datasheet for TP301756M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PEX19 (NM 002857) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human peroxisomal biogenesis factor 19 (PEX19), transcript variant 1,

100 µg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC201756 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAAAEEGCSVGAEADRELEELLESALDDFDKAKPSPAPPSTTTAPDASGPQKRSPGDTAKDALFASQEKF FQELFDSELASQATAEFEKAMKELAEEEPHLVEQFQKLSEAAGRVGSDMTSQQEFTSCLKETLSGLAKNA TDLQNSSMSEEELTKAMEGLGMDEGDGEGNILPIMQSIMQNLLSKDVLYPSLKEITEKYPEWLQSHRESL PPEQFEKYQEQHSVMCKICEQFEAETPTDSETTQKARFEMVLDLMQQLQDLGHPPKELAGEMPPGLNFDL

DALNLSGPPGASGEQCLIM

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 32.6 kDa

Concentration: $>0.05 \mu g/\mu L$ as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 002848

Locus ID: 5824



PEX19 (NM_002857) Human Recombinant Protein - TP301756M

UniProt ID: <u>P40855</u>, <u>A0A0S2Z497</u>

RefSeq Size: 3722 Cytogenetics: 1q23.2 RefSeq ORF: 897

Synonyms: D1S2223E; HK33; PBD12A; PMP1; PMPI; PXF; PXMP1

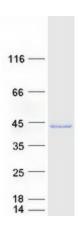
Summary: This gene is necessary for early peroxisomal biogenesis. It acts both as a cytosolic chaperone

and as an import receptor for peroxisomal membrane proteins (PMPs). Peroxins (PEXs) are proteins that are essential for the assembly of functional peroxisomes. The peroxisome biogenesis disorders (PBDs) are a group of genetically heterogeneous autosomal recessive, lethal diseases characterized by multiple defects in peroxisome function. These disorders have at least 14 complementation groups, with more than one phenotype being observed for some complementation groups. Although the clinical features of PBD patients vary, cells from all PBD patients exhibit a defect in the import of one or more classes of peroxisomal matrix proteins into the organelle. Defects in this gene are a cause of Zellweger syndrome (ZWS), as well as peroxisome biogenesis disorder complementation group 14 (PBD-CG14), which is also known as PBD-CGJ. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug

2010]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified PEX19 protein (Cat# [TP301756]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PEX19 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201756]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).