

Product datasheet for TP301345

DOPA Decarboxylase (DDC) (NM_000790) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human dopa decarboxylase (aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase) (DDC), transcript variant 2, 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC201345 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MNASEFRRRGKEMVDYVANYPEGIEGRQVYPDVEPGYLRPLIPAAAPQEPDTFEDIINDVEKIIMPGVTH
WHSPYFFAYFPTASSYPAMLADMLCGAIGCIGFSWAASPACTELETVMMDWLKGKMLELPKAFLEKAGE
G
GGVIQGSASEATLVALLAARTKVIHRLQAASPELTQAAMEKLVAYSSDQAHSVERAGLIGGVKLLKAIP
SDGNFAMRASALQEALERDKAAGLIPFFMVATLGTTCSSFDNLLEVGPICNKEDIWLHVDAAYAGSAFI
CPEFRHLLNGVEFADSFNPNPHKWLLVNFDCSAMWVKKRTDLTGAFRLDPTYLKHSHQDSGLITDYRHW
Q
IPLGRRFRSLKMWFVFRMYGVKGLQAYIRKHVQLSHEFESLVRQDPRFEICVEVILGLVCFRLKGSNKVN
EALLQRINSAKKIHLVPCHLRDKFVLRFAICSRTVESAHVQRAWHEHIKELAADVLAERE

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

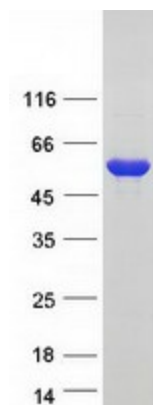
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	53.7 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.



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Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_000781
Locus ID:	1644
UniProt ID:	P20711
RefSeq Size:	1975
Cytogenetics:	7p12.2-p12.1
RefSeq ORF:	1440
Synonyms:	AADC
Summary:	The encoded protein catalyzes the decarboxylation of L-3,4-dihydroxyphenylalanine (DOPA) to dopamine, L-5-hydroxytryptophan to serotonin and L-tryptophan to tryptamine. Defects in this gene are the cause of aromatic L-amino-acid decarboxylase deficiency (AADCD). AADCD deficiency is an inborn error in neurotransmitter metabolism that leads to combined serotonin and catecholamine deficiency. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011]
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Histidine metabolism, Metabolic pathways, Phenylalanine metabolism, Tryptophan metabolism, Tyrosine metabolism

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified DDC protein (Cat# TP301345). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with DDC cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201345]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).