

Product datasheet for **TP301267M**

ATP6V1E1 (NM_001696) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human ATPase, H ⁺ transporting, lysosomal 31kDa, V1 subunit E1 (ATP6V1E1), transcript variant 1, 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC201267 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	MALSDADVQKQIKHMMAFIEQEANEKAEIIDAKAEFEFNIEKGRVLTQRLKIMEYEEKKEKQIEQQKKI QMSNLMNQARLKVLRARDDLITDLLNEAKQRLSKVVKDTTRYQVLLDGLVLQGLYQLLEPRMIVRCRKQD FPLVKAQVQKAIPMYKIATKNDVDVQIDQESYLPEDIAGGVEIYNGDRKIKVSNTLESRLDLIAQQMMPE VRGALFGANANRKFLLD
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	26 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_001687
Locus ID:	529



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UniProt ID: [P36543](#), [Q53Y06](#)

RefSeq Size: 1406

Cytogenetics: 22q11.21

RefSeq ORF: 678

Synonyms: ARCL2C; ATP6E; ATP6E2; ATP6V1E; P31; Vma4

Summary: This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A, three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. This gene encodes alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different V1 domain E subunit isoforms. Pseudogenes for this gene have been found in the genome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Pathways: Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ATP6V1E1 protein (Cat# [TP301267]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ATP6V1E1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201267]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).