

Product datasheet for TP301208L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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APE1 (APEX1) (NM_080648) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human APEX nuclease (multifunctional DNA repair enzyme) 1 (APEX1),

transcript variant 2, 1 mg

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC201208 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MPKRGKKGAVAEDGDELRTEPEAKKSKTAAKKNDKEAAGEGPALYEDPPDQKTSPSGKPATLKICSWNVD GLRAWIKKKGLDWVKEEAPDILCLQETKCSENKLPAELQELPGLSHQYWSAPSDKEGYSGVGLLSRQCPL KVSYGIGDEEHDQEGRVIVAEFDSFVLVTAYVPNAGRGLVRLEYRQRWDEAFRKFLKGLASRKPLVLCGD LNVAHEEIDLRNPKGNKKNAGFTPQERQGFGELLQAVPLADSFRHLYPNTPYAYTFWTYMMNARSKNVGW

RLDYFLLSHSLLPALCDSKIRSKALGSDHCPITLYLAL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 35.4 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 542379

Locus ID: 328



APE1 (APEX1) (NM_080648) Human Recombinant Protein - TP301208L

UniProt ID: <u>P27695</u>, <u>Q5TZP7</u>

RefSeq Size: 1497 Cytogenetics: 14q11.2 RefSeq ORF: 954

Synonyms: APE; APE1; APEN; APEX; APX; HAP1; REF1

Summary: The APEX gene encodes the major AP endonuclease in human cells. It encodes the APEX

endonuclease, a DNA repair enzyme with apurinic/apyrimidinic (AP) activity. Such AP activity sites occur frequently in DNA molecules by spontaneous hydrolysis, by DNA damaging agents or by DNA glycosylases that remove specific abnormal bases. The AP sites are the most frequent pre-mutagenic lesions that can prevent normal DNA replication. Splice variants have been found for this gene; all encode the same protein. Disruptions in the biological functions

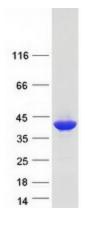
related to APEX are associated with many various malignancies and neurodegenerative

diseases.[provided by RefSeq, Dec 2019]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transcription Factors

Protein Pathways: Base excision repair

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified APEX1 protein (Cat# [TP301208]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with APEX1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201208]) using

MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).