

Product datasheet for TP301152L

IDH2 (NM_002168) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins
Description: Recombinant protein of human isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 (NADP+), mitochondrial (IDH2), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, 1 mg

Species: Human

Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: >RC201152 protein sequence
Red=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

MAGYLRVVRSLCRASGSRPAWAPAALTAPTSQEQPRRHADKRIKVAKPVEMDGDDEMTRIWQFIKEKL
ILPHVDIQLKYFDLGLPNRDQTDQVTIDSALATQKYSVAVKCATITPDEARVEEFKLKMWKSPNGTIR
NILGGTVFREPIICKNIPRLVPGWTKPITIGRHAHGDQYKATDFVADRAGTFKMFVTPKDGSGVKEWEVY
NFPAGGVGMGMYNTDESISGFAHSCFQYAIQKKWPLYMSTKNTILKAYDGRFKDIFQEIFDKHYKTDFFDK
NKIWEHRLIDDMVAQVLKSSGGFWACKNYDGDVQSDILAQGFGLMSTSVLVCVCPDGKTIEAAHGT
VTRHYREHQGRPTSTNPIASIFAWTRGLEHRGKLDGNQDLIRFAQMLEKVCVETVESGAMTKDLAGCIH
GLSNVKNLNEHFLNTDFLDTIKSNLDRALGRQ

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 46.6 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



[View online »](#)

RefSeq: [NP_002159](#)

Locus ID: 3418

UniProt ID: [P48735](#)

RefSeq Size: 1818

Cytogenetics: 15q26.1

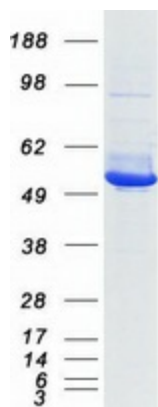
RefSeq ORF: 1356

Synonyms: D2HGA2; ICD-M; IDH; IDHM; IDP; IDPM; mNADP-IDH

Summary: Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the mitochondria. It plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. This protein may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]

Protein Pathways: Citrate cycle (TCA cycle), Glutathione metabolism, Metabolic pathways

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified IDH2 protein (Cat# [TP301152]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with IDH2 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201152]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).