

## Product datasheet for **TP300551M**

### PAPSS2 (NM\_004670) Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

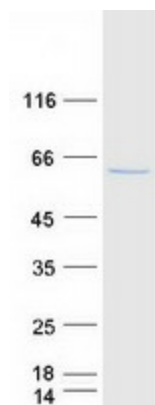
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human 3'-phosphoadenosine 5'-phosphosulfate synthase 2 (PAPSS2), transcript variant 1, 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC200551 protein sequence <b>Red</b> =Cloning site <b>Green</b> =Tags(s)
	<p>MSGIKKQKTENQKSTNVVYQAHHVS RNKRQVWGTRGGFRGCTVWLTGLSGAGKTTISFALEEYLVSHA IPCYSLDGDNVRHGLNRNLGFS PGDREENIRRIAEVAKLFADAGLVCITSFISPFADRENARKIHESAG LPFFEIVDAPLNICESRDVKGLYKRARAGEIKGFTGIDSDYEKPERVLKTNLSTVSDCVHQVWELL QEQNIVPYTIKDIHELFPENKLDHVRAEAETLPSLSITKLDLQVWVQLSEGWATPLKGFMRKEYLQV MHFDTLDDGVINMSIPIVLPVSAEDKTRLEGCSKFVLAHGGRRVAILRDAEFYEHRKEERCSRWWGTTC TKHPHIKMMVMESGDWL VGGDLQVLEKIRWNDGLDQYRLTPELEKQKCKEMNADAVFAFQLRNPVHNGHAL LMQDTRRRLLERGYKHPVLLHPLGGWTKDDDPLDWRMKQHAAVLEEGVLDPKSTIVAIFPSPMLYAGP TEVQWHCRSRMIAGANFYIVGRDPAGMPHPETKKDLYEPHGGKVL SMAPGLTSVEIIPFRVAAYNKAKK AMDFYDPARHNEFD FISGTRMRKLAREGENPPDGFMAPKAWKVLTDYYRSLEKN</p> <p><b>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</b></p>
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	69.3 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.



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<b>Stability:</b>	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<a href="#">NP_004661</a>
<b>Locus ID:</b>	9060
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	<a href="#">O95340</a> , <a href="#">Q5TB52</a>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	3859
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	10q23.2-q23.31
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	1842
<b>Synonyms:</b>	ATPSK2; BCYM4; SK2
<b>Summary:</b>	Sulfation is a common modification of endogenous (lipids, proteins, and carbohydrates) and exogenous (xenobiotics and drugs) compounds. In mammals, the sulfate source is 3'-phosphoadenosine 5'-phosphosulfate (PAPS), created from ATP and inorganic sulfate. Two different tissue isoforms encoded by different genes synthesize PAPS. This gene encodes one of the two PAPS synthetases. Defects in this gene cause the Pakistani type of spondyloepimetaphyseal dysplasia. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Metabolic pathways, Purine metabolism, Selenoamino acid metabolism, Sulfur metabolism

### Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified PAPSS2 protein (Cat# [TP300551]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PAPSS2 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC200551]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).