

Product datasheet for TP300353L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PSMB8 (NM_004159) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human proteasome (prosome, macropain) subunit, beta type, 8 (large

multifunctional peptidase 7) (PSMB8), transcript variant 1, 1 mg

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA >RC200353 representing NM_004159
Clone or AA Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

Sequence:

MLIGTPTPRDTTPSSWLTSSLLVEAAPLDDTTLPTPVSSGCPGLEPTEFFQSLGGDGERNVQIEMAHGTT TLAFKFQHGVIAAVDSRASAGSYISALRVNKVIEINPYLLGTMSGCAADCQYWERLLAKECRLYYLRNGE RISVSAASKLLSNMMCQYRGMGLSMGSMICGWDKKGPGLYYVDEHGTRLSGNMFSTGSGNTYAYGVMDSG

YRPNLSPEEAYDLGRRAIAYATHRDSYSGGVVNMYHMKEDGWVKVESTDVSDLLHQYREANQ

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 29.6 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling

conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: <u>NP 004150</u>

Locus ID: 5696



PSMB8 (NM_004159) Human Recombinant Protein - TP300353L

UniProt ID: P28062
RefSeq Size: 1602
Cytogenetics: 6p21.32
RefSeq ORF: 816

Synonyms: ALDD; D6S216; D6S216E; JMP; LMP7; NKJO; PRAAS1; PSMB5i; RING10

Summary: The proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered ring-shaped 20S

core structure. The core structure is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes a member of the proteasome B-type family, also known as the T1B family, that is a

20S core beta subunit. This gene is located in the class II region of the MHC (major

histocompatibility complex). Expression of this gene is induced by gamma interferon and this

gene product replaces catalytic subunit 3 (proteasome beta 5 subunit) in the

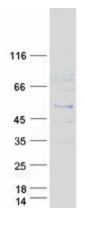
immunoproteasome. Proteolytic processing is required to generate a mature subunit. Two alternative transcripts encoding two isoforms have been identified; both isoforms are processed

to yield the same mature subunit. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protease

Protein Pathways: Proteasome

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified PSMB8 protein (Cat# [TP300353]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PSMB8 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC200353]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).