

Product datasheet for **TP300313L**

IDH3A (NM_005530) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human isocitrate dehydrogenase 3 (NAD+) alpha (IDH3A), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, 1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC200313 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	MAGPAWISKVSRLLGAFHNPKQVTRGFTGGVQTVTLIPGDGIGPEISAAVMKIFDAAKAPIQWEERNVTA IQGPGGKWMIPSEAKESMDKNKMGLKGPLKTPIAAGHPSMNLLLRKTFDLYANVRPCVSIIEGYKTPYTDV NIVTIRENTEGEYSGIEHVVDGQVSIKLTIEGASKRIAEFAFEYARNNHRSNVTAVHKANIMRMSDGL FLQKCREVAESCKDIKFNEMYLDTVCLNMVQDPSQFDVLVMPNLYGDILSDLCAGLIGGLGVTPSGNIGA NGVAIFESVHGTAPDIAGKDMANPTALLLSAVMMLRHMGLFDHAARIEAACFATIKDGKSLTKDLGGNAK CSDFTTEICRRVKDLD
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	36.6 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_005521



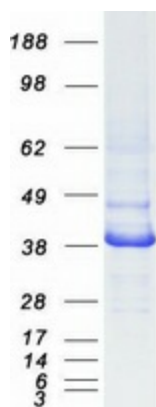
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Locus ID:	3419
UniProt ID:	P50213
RefSeq Size:	2701
Cytogenetics:	15q25.1
RefSeq ORF:	1098
Synonyms:	RP90

Summary: Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the allosterically regulated rate-limiting step of the tricarboxylic acid cycle. Each isozyme is a heterotetramer that is composed of two alpha subunits, one beta subunit, and one gamma subunit. The protein encoded by this gene is the alpha subunit of one isozyme of NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Pathways: Citrate cycle (TCA cycle), Metabolic pathways

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified IDH3A protein (Cat# [TP300313]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with IDH3A cDNA clone (Cat# [RC200313]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).