

Product datasheet for **TP300296L**

COX4NB (EMC8) (NM_006067) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human COX4 neighbor (COX4NB), transcript variant 1, 1 mg

Species: Human

Expression Host: HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone
or AA Sequence:** >RC200296 protein sequence
Red=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

MPGVKLTQAYCKMVLHGAKYPHCAVNGLLVAEKQKPRKEHLPLGGPGAHTLFDVDCIPLFHGTLALAPM
LEVALTLIDSWCKDHSYVIAGYYQANERVKDASPNQVAEKVASRIAEGFSDTALIMVDNTKFTMDCVAPT
IHVYEHHENRWRCRDPHHDYCEDWPEAQRISASLLDSRSYETLVDFDNHLDDIRNDWTNPEINKAVLHLC

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 23.6 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: [NP_006058](#)

Locus ID: 10328

UniProt ID: [O43402](#), [Q53Y03](#)

RefSeq Size: 1964

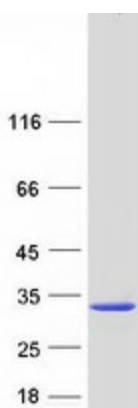


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Cytogenetics:	16q24.1
RefSeq ORF:	630
Synonyms:	C16orf2; C16orf4; COX4NB; FAM158B; NOC4
Summary:	

Part of the endoplasmic reticulum membrane protein complex (EMC) that enables the energy-independent insertion into endoplasmic reticulum membranes of newly synthesized membrane proteins (PubMed:30415835, PubMed:29809151, PubMed:29242231, PubMed:32459176, PubMed:32439656). Preferentially accommodates proteins with transmembrane domains that are weakly hydrophobic or contain destabilizing features such as charged and aromatic residues (PubMed:30415835, PubMed:29809151, PubMed:29242231). Involved in the cotranslational insertion of multi-pass membrane proteins in which stop-transfer membrane-anchor sequences become ER membrane spanning helices (PubMed:30415835, PubMed:29809151). It is also required for the post-translational insertion of tail-anchored/TA proteins in endoplasmic reticulum membranes (PubMed:29809151, PubMed:29242231). By mediating the proper cotranslational insertion of N-terminal transmembrane domains in an N-exo topology, with translocated N-terminus in the lumen of the ER, controls the topology of multi-pass membrane proteins like the G protein-coupled receptors (PubMed:30415835). By regulating the insertion of various proteins in membranes, it is indirectly involved in many cellular processes (Probable).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified EMC8 protein (Cat# [TP300296]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with EMC8 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC200296]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).