

Product datasheet for TP300289M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATG4B (NM 013325) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human ATG4 autophagy related 4 homolog B (S. cerevisiae) (ATG4B),

transcript variant 1, 100 µg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC200289 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MDAATLTYDTLRFAEFEDFPETSEPVWILGRKYSIFTEKDEILSDVASRLWFTYRKNFPAIGGTGPTSDT GWGCMLRCGQMIFAQALVCRHLGRDWRWTQRKRQPDSYFSVLNAFIDRKDSYYSIHQIAQMGVGEGKS

IG

QWYGPNTVAQVLKKLAVFDTWSSLAVHIAMDNTVVMEEIRRLCRTSVPCAGATAFPADSDRHCNGFPAG

Α

 $\label{top:continuous} \begin{picture}{l} EVTNRPSPWRPLVLLIPLRLGLTDINEAYVETLKHCFMMPQSLGVIGGKPNSAHYFIGYVGEELIYLDPH \\ TTQPAVEPTDGCFIPDESFHCQHPPCRMSIAELDPSIAVGFFCKTEDDFNDWCQQVKKLSLLGGALPMFE \\ \end{picture}$

LVEQQPSHLACPDVLNLSLDSSDVERLERFFDSEDEDFEILSL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 44.1 kDa

Concentration: $>0.05 \mu g/\mu L$ as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.





ATG4B (NM_013325) Human Recombinant Protein - TP300289M

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 037457

 Locus ID:
 23192

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y4P1

 RefSeq Size:
 2892

 Cytogenetics:
 2q37.3

 RefSeq ORF:
 1179

Synonyms: APG4B; AUTL1

Summary: Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are

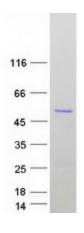
destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Protein Families: Protease

Protein Pathways: Regulation of autophagy

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ATG4B protein (Cat# [TP300289]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ATG4B cDNA clone (Cat# [RC200289]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).