

Product datasheet for **TP300223M**

NDUFB9 (NM_005005) Human Recombinant Protein

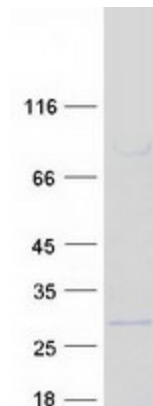
Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 beta subcomplex, 9, 22kDa (NDUFB9), 100 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC200223 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s) MAFLASGPYLTHQKQVLRLYKRALRHLESWCVQRDKYRYFACLMRARFEEHKNEKDMAKATQLLKEAEE E FWYRQHPQPYIFPDSPGGTSYERYDCYKVPWCLDDWHPSEKAMYPDYFAKREQWKKLRRSWEREVK QL QEETPPGGPLTEALPPARKEGDLPLWWYIVTRPRRPM TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	21.7 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_004996</u>
Locus ID:	4715


[View online »](#)

UniProt ID:	<u>Q9Y6M9</u>
RefSeq Size:	736
Cytogenetics:	8q24.13
RefSeq ORF:	537
Synonyms:	B22; CI-B22; LYRM3; MC1DN24; UQOR22
Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene is a subunit of the mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation complex I (nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide: ubiquinone oxidoreductase). Complex I is localized to the inner mitochondrial membrane and functions to dehydrogenate nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide and to shuttle electrons to coenzyme Q. Complex I deficiency is the most common defect found in oxidative phosphorylation disorders and results in a range of conditions, including lethal neonatal disease, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, liver disease, and adult-onset neurodegenerative disorders. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on chromosomes five, seven and eight. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]
Protein Pathways:	Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative phosphorylation, Parkinson's disease

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified NDUFB9 protein (Cat# [TP300223]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with NDUFB9 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC200223]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).