

Product datasheet for TL515756

Ager Mouse shRNA Plasmid (Locus ID 11596)

Product data:

Product Type: shRNA Plasmids

Product Name: Ager Mouse shRNA Plasmid (Locus ID 11596)

Locus ID: 11596 Synonyms: RAGE

Vector:pGFP-C-shLenti (TR30023)E. coli Selection:Chloramphenicol (34 ug/ml)

Mammalian Cell Pu

Selection:

Puromycin

Format: Lentiviral plasmids

Components: Ager - Mouse, 4 unique 29mer shRNA constructs in lentiviral GFP vector(Gene ID = 11596).

5µg purified plasmid DNA per construct

29-mer scrambled shRNA cassette in pGFP-C-shLenti Vector, TR30021, included for free.

RefSeq: BC061182, NM 001271422, NM 001271423, NM 001271424, NM 007425, NR 073173,

NR 073175, NR 073176, NM 007425.1, NM 007425.2, NM 001271424.1, NM 001271423.1,

NM 001271422.1

UniProt ID: Q62151

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Summary:

Mediates interactions of advanced glycosylation end products (AGE). These are nonenzymatically glycosylated proteins which accumulate in vascular tissue in aging and at an accelerated rate in diabetes. Acts as a mediator of both acute and chronic vascular inflammation in conditions such as atherosclerosis and in particular as a complication of diabetes. AGE/RAGE signaling plays an important role in regulating the production/expression of TNF-alpha, oxidative stress, and endothelial dysfunction in type 2 diabetes. Interaction with S100A12 on endothelium, mononuclear phagocytes, and lymphocytes triggers cellular activation, with generation of key proinflammatory mediators. Interaction with S100B after myocardial infarction may play a role in myocyte apoptosis by activating ERK1/2 and p53/TP53 signaling. Can also bind oligonucleotides. Receptor for amyloid beta peptide. Contributes to the translocation of amyloid-beta peptide (ABPP) across the cell membrane from the extracellular to the intracellular space in cortical neurons. ABPP-initiated RAGE signaling, especially stimulation of p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK), has the capacity to drive a transport system delivering ABPP as a complex with RAGE to the intraneuronal space. RAGE-dependent signaling in microglia contributes to neuroinflammation, amyloid accumulation, and impaired learning/memory in a mouse model of Alzheimer disease.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

shRNA Design:

Performance Guaranteed:

These shRNA constructs were designed against multiple splice variants at this gene locus. To be certain that your variant of interest is targeted, please contact techsupport@origene.com. If you need a special design or shRNA sequence, please utilize our custom shRNA service.

OriGene guarantees that the sequences in the shRNA expression cassettes are verified to correspond to the target gene with 100% identity. One of the four constructs at minimum are guaranteed to produce 70% or more gene expression knock-down provided a minimum transfection efficiency of 80% is achieved. Western Blot data is recommended over qPCR to evaluate the silencing effect of the shRNA constructs 72 hrs post transfection. To properly assess knockdown, the gene expression level from the included scramble control vector must be used in comparison with the target-specific shRNA transfected samples.

For non-conforming shRNA, requests for replacement product must be made within ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the shRNA kit. To arrange for a free replacement with newly designed constructs, please contact Technical Services at techsupport@origene.com. Please provide your data indicating the transfection efficiency and measurement of gene expression knockdown compared to the scrambled shRNA control (Western Blot data preferred).