

## **Product datasheet for TL510991**

## Irf7 Mouse shRNA Plasmid (Locus ID 54123)

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** shRNA Plasmids

**Product Name:** Irf7 Mouse shRNA Plasmid (Locus ID 54123)

**Locus ID:** 54123

**Vector:** pGFP-C-shLenti (TR30023)

E. coli Selection: Chloramphenicol (34 ug/ml)

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Format: Lentiviral plasmids

Components: Irf7 - Mouse, 4 unique 29mer shRNA constructs in lentiviral GFP vector(Gene ID = 54123). 5µg

purified plasmid DNA per construct

29-mer scrambled shRNA cassette in pGFP-C-shLenti Vector, TR30021, included for free.

RefSeq: NM 001252600, NM 001252601, NM 016850, NM 016850.1, NM 016850.2, NM 016850.3,

NM 001252601.1, NM 001252600.1, BC138799, BC145422

UniProt ID: <u>P70434</u>

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Summary:

Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)-dependent immune responses and plays a critical role in the innate immune response against DNA and RNA viruses (PubMed:27129230). Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters. Can efficiently activate both the IFN-beta (IFNB) and the IFN-alpha (IFNA) genes and mediate their induction via both the virus-activated, MyD88-independent pathway and the TLR-activated, MyD88-dependent pathway. Induces transcription of ubiquitin hydrolase USP25 mRNA in response to lipopolysaccharide (LPS) or viral infection in a type I IFN-dependent manner (PubMed:27129230). Required during both the early and late phases of the IFN gene induction but is more critical for the late than for the early phase. Exists in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, becomes phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases. This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization where along with other coactivators it can activate transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes. Can also play a role in regulating adaptive immune responses by inducing PSMB9/LMP2 expression, either directly or through induction of IRF1. Binds to the Q promoter (Qp) of EBV nuclear antigen 1 a (EBNA1) and may play a role in the regulation of EBV latency. Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and regulate the anti-tumor properties of primary macrophages.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

shRNA Design:

Performance Guaranteed: These shRNA constructs were designed against multiple splice variants at this gene locus. To be certain that your variant of interest is targeted, please contact <a href="mailto:techsupport@origene.com">techsupport@origene.com</a>. If you need a special design or shRNA sequence, please utilize our <a href="mailto:custom shRNA service">custom shRNA service</a>.

OriGene guarantees that the sequences in the shRNA expression cassettes are verified to correspond to the target gene with 100% identity. One of the four constructs at minimum are guaranteed to produce 70% or more gene expression knock-down provided a minimum transfection efficiency of 80% is achieved. Western Blot data is recommended over qPCR to evaluate the silencing effect of the shRNA constructs 72 hrs post transfection. To properly assess knockdown, the gene expression level from the included scramble control vector must be used in comparison with the target-specific shRNA transfected samples.

For non-conforming shRNA, requests for replacement product must be made within ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the shRNA kit. To arrange for a free replacement with newly designed constructs, please contact Technical Services at techsupport@origene.com. Please provide your data indicating the transfection efficiency and measurement of gene expression knockdown compared to the scrambled shRNA control (Western Blot data preferred).