

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for TA809479AM

ADH5 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Biotin conjugated) [Clone ID: OTI4H10]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies	
Clone Name:	OTI4H10	
Applications:	WB	
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:2000	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Host:	Mouse	
lsotype:	lgG2b	
Clonality:	Monoclonal	
Immunogen:	Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 1-266 of human ADH5 (NP_000662) produced in E.coli.	
Formulation:	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.	
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml	
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)	
Conjugation:	Biotin	
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.	
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.	
Gene Name:	alcohol dehydrogenase 5 (class III), chi polypeptide	
Database Link:	<u>NP_000662</u> <u>Entrez Gene 11532 MouseEntrez Gene 100145871 RatEntrez Gene 128 Human</u> <u>P11766</u>	



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Scrigene ADH5 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Biotin conjugated) [Clone ID: OTI4H10] – TA809479AM

Background: This gene encodes a member of the alcohol dehydrogenase family. Members of this family metabolize a wide variety of substrates, including ethanol, retinol, other aliphatic alcohols, hydroxysteroids, and lipid peroxidation products. The encoded protein forms a homodimer. It has virtually no activity for ethanol oxidation, but exhibits high activity for oxidation of long-chain primary alcohols and for oxidation of S-hydroxymethyl-glutathione, a spontaneous adduct between formaldehyde and glutathione. This enzyme is an important component of cellular metabolism for the elimination of formaldehyde, a potent irritant and sensitizing agent that causes lacrymation, rhinitis, pharyngitis, and contact dermatitis. The human genome contains several non-transcribed pseudogenes related to this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

Synonyms:	ADH-3; ADHX; AMEDS; BMFS7; FALDH; FDH; GSH-FDH; GSNOR; HEL-S-60p
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450, Fatty acid metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Metabolic pathways, Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450, Methane metabolism, Retinol metabolism, Tyrosine metabolism

Product images:

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HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY ADH5 ([RC204903], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-ADH5 (1:2000). Positive lysates [LY400220] (100ug) and [LC400220] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.

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