

## Product datasheet for TA809203

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Androgen Receptor (AR) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI2E11]

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: OTI2E11
Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:2000, IHC 1:1000

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

**Immunogen:** Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 420-659 of human

AR(NP\_000035) produced in E.coli.

**Formulation:** PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

**Purification:** Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

(protein A/G)

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

**Predicted Protein Size:** 99 kDa

**Gene Name:** androgen receptor

Database Link: NP 000035

Entrez Gene 11835 MouseEntrez Gene 24208 RatEntrez Gene 367 Human

P10275





Background:

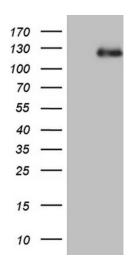
The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Synonyms: AIS; AR8; DHTR; HUMARA; HYSP1; KD; NR3C4; SBMA; SMAX1; TFM

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors

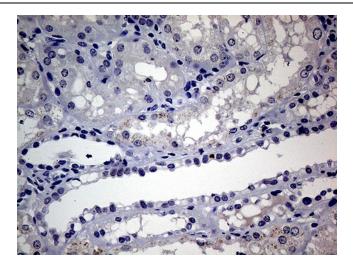
**Protein Pathways:** Oocyte meiosis, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer

## **Product images:**

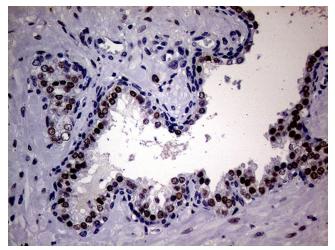


HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY AR ([RC215316], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-AR (1:2000). Positive lysates [LY400012] (100ug) and [LC400012] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.





Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human Kidney tissue within the normal limits using anti-AR mouse monoclonal antibody. This figure shows negative staining. (Heat-induced epitope retrieval by 1mM EDTA in 10mM Tris buffer (pH8.5) at 120°C for 3min, TA809203) (1:1000)



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human prostate tissue within the normal limits using anti-AR mouse monoclonal antibody. (Heat-induced epitope retrieval by 1mM EDTA in 10mM Tris buffer (pH8.5) at 120°C for 3min, TA809203) (1:1000)