

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

# Product datasheet for TA800352M

## Factor XIIIa (F13A1) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI6F5]

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI6F5
Applications:	FC, IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:2000, IHC 1:150, FLOW 1:100
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Full length human recombinant protein of human F13A1 (NP_000120) produced in HEK293T cell.
Formulation:	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.
Concentration:	1 mg/ml
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	79.2 kDa
Gene Name:	coagulation factor XIII A chain
Database Link:	<u>NP_000120</u> Entrez Gene 60327 RatEntrez Gene 74145 MouseEntrez Gene 2162 Human <u>P00488</u>

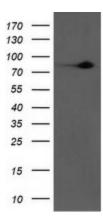


#### Sactor XIIIa (F13A1) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI6F5] – TA800352M

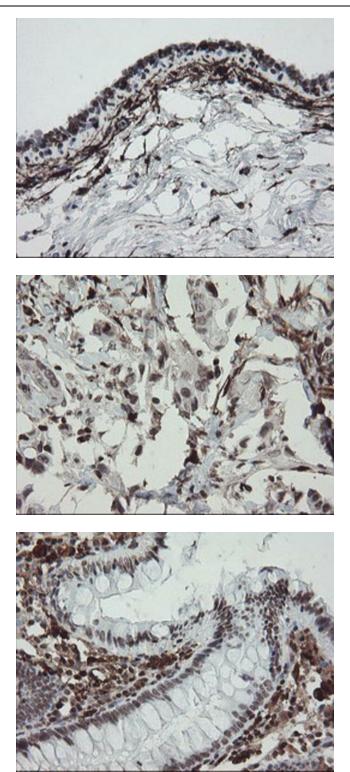
Background: This gene encodes the coagulation factor XIII A subunit. Coagulation factor XIII is the last zymogen to become activated in the blood coagulation cascade. Plasma factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the B subunits do not have enzymatic activity and may serve as plasma carrier molecules. Platelet factor XIII is comprised only of 2 A subunits, which are identical to those of plasma origin. Upon cleavage of the activation peptide by thrombin and in the presence of calcium ion, the plasma factor XIII dissociates its B subunits and yields the same active enzyme, factor XIIIa, as platelet factor XIII. This enzyme acts as a transglutaminase to catalyze the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilon-lysine crosslinking between fibrin molecules, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. It also crosslinks alpha-2-plasmin inhibitor, or fibronectin, to the alpha chains of fibrin. Factor XIII deficiency is classified into two categories: type I deficiency, characterized by the lack of both the A and B subunits; and type II deficiency, characterized by the lack of the A subunit alone. These defects can result in a lifelong bleeding tendency, defective wound healing, and habitual abortion. [provided by RefSeq]

Synonyms:	F13A
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein
Protein Pathways:	Complement and coagulation cascades

### **Product images:**



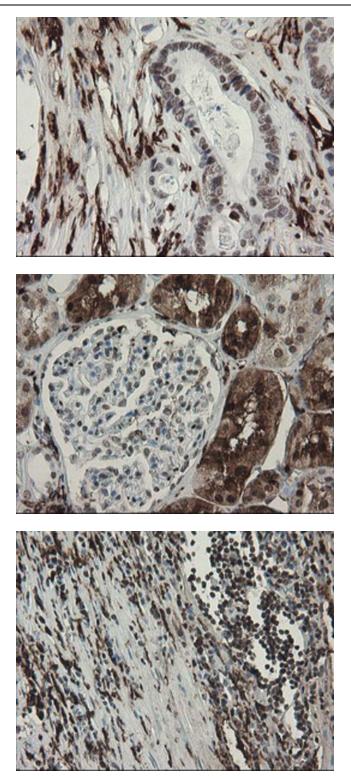
HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Cat# [PS100001], Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY F13A1 (Cat# [RC206464], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-F13A1(Cat# [TA800352]). Positive lysates [LY400044] (100ug) and [LC400044] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human breast tissue within the normal limits using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Adenocarcinoma of Human breast tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

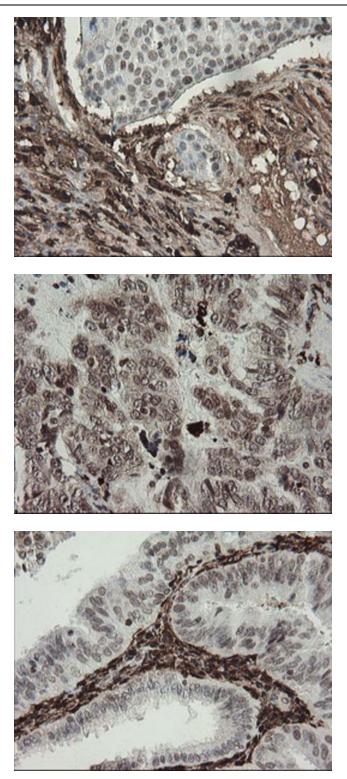
Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human colon tissue within the normal limits using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Adenocarcinoma of Human colon tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human Kidney tissue within the normal limits using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

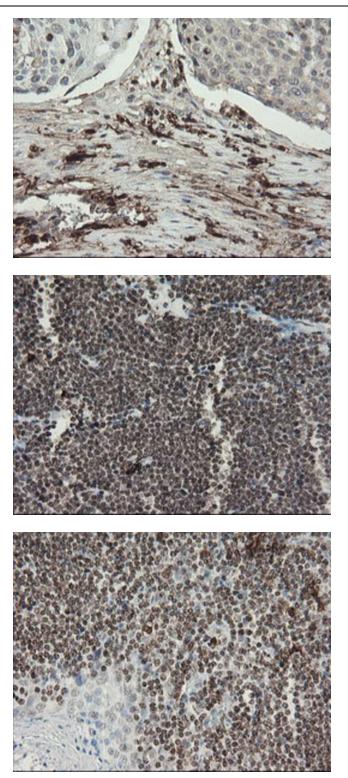
Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Carcinoma of Human kidney tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Carcinoma of Human lung tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Adenocarcinoma of Human ovary tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

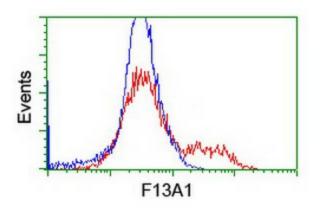
Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Adenocarcinoma of Human endometrium tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Carcinoma of Human bladder tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human lymphoma tissue using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heatinduced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human tonsil within the normal limits using anti-F13A1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



HEK293T cells transfected with either [RC206464] overexpress plasmid (Red) or empty vector control plasmid (Blue) were immunostained by anti-F13A1 antibody ([TA800352]), and then analyzed by flow cytometry.