

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

# Product datasheet for TA590781

### **BCL2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:20000,ELISA 1:100-1:2000
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	DNA immunization. This antibody is specific for the N Terminus Region of the target protein.
Formulation:	20 mM Potassium Phosphate, 150 mM Sodium Chloride, pH 7.0
Concentration:	1.1mg/ml
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	BCL2 apoptosis regulator
Database Link:	<u>NP_000648</u> <u>Entrez Gene 596 Human</u> <u>P10415</u>

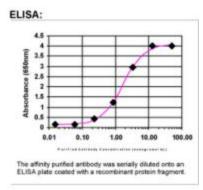


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## **BCL2** Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA590781

Background:	BCL2 is an integral outer mitochondrial membrane protein that blocks the apoptotic death of some cells such as lymphocytes. Constitutive expression of BCL2, such as in the case of translocation of BCL2 to Ig heavy chain locus, is thought to be the cause of follicular lymphoma. Two transcript variants (alpha and beta) produced by alternate splicing, differ in their C-terminal ends. BCL2 suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent lymphohematopoietic and neural cells. It regulates cell death by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability. It appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases. BCL2 inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF1). It can form homodimers, and heterodimers with BAX, BAD, BAK and BclX(L). Heterodimerization with BAX requires intact BH1 and BH2 domains, and is necessary for anti-apoptotic activity. Also interacts with APAF1, RAF1, TP53BP2, BBC3, BCL2L1 and BNIPL.
Synonyms:	Bcl-2; PPP1R50
Note:	This antibody was generated by SDIX's Genomic Antibody Technology ® (GAT). <u>Learn about</u> <u>GAT</u>
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Apoptosis, Colorectal cancer, Focal adhesion, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, Small cell lung cancer

## **Product images:**



ELISA: BCL2 Antibody

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