

Product datasheet for **TA507203**

c-Myc (MYC) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI5E9G2]

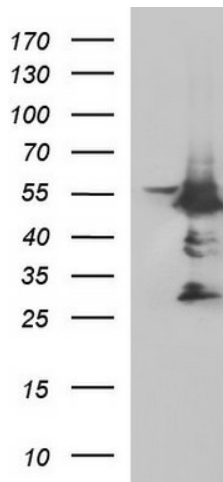
Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI5E9G2
Applications:	IF, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:200~4000, IF 1:100
Reactivity:	Human, Dog, Rat, Monkey, Mouse
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG2a
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Full length human recombinant protein of human Myc (NP_002458) produced in 293T
Formulation:	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.
Concentration:	1 mg/ml
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	50.4 kDa
Gene Name:	MYC proto-oncogene, bHLH transcription factor
Database Link:	NP_002458 Entrez Gene 17869 Mouse Entrez Gene 24577 Rat Entrez Gene 403924 Dog Entrez Gene 694626 Monkey Entrez Gene 4609 Human P01106

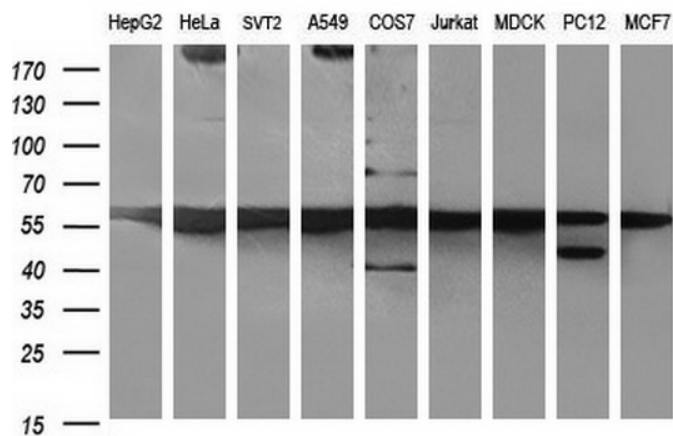


[View online »](#)

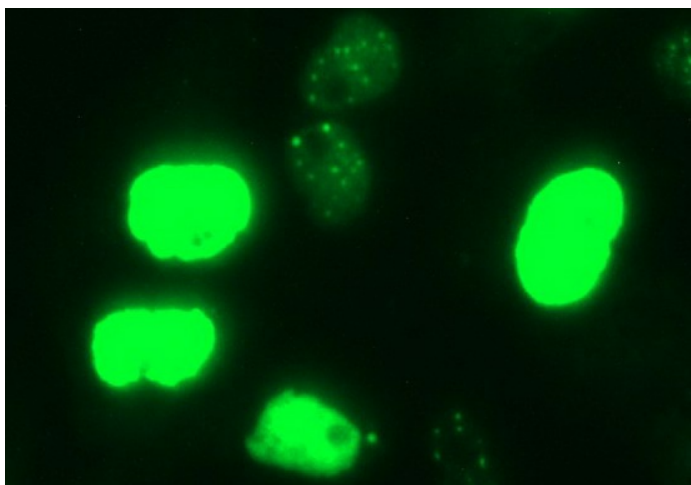
Background:	The protein encoded by this gene is a multifunctional, nuclear phosphoprotein that plays a role in cell cycle progression, apoptosis and cellular transformation. It functions as a transcription factor that regulates transcription of specific target genes. Mutations, overexpression, rearrangement and translocation of this gene have been associated with a variety of hematopoietic tumors, leukemias and lymphomas, including Burkitt lymphoma. There is evidence to show that alternative translation initiations from an upstream, in-frame non-AUG (CUG) and a downstream AUG start site result in the production of two isoforms with distinct N-termini. The synthesis of non-AUG initiated protein is suppressed in Burkitt's lymphomas, suggesting its importance in the normal function of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Synonyms:	bHLHe39; c-Myc; MRTL; MYCC
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, Induced pluripotent stem cells, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Stem cell relevant signaling - JAK/STAT signaling pathway, Stem cell relevant signaling - TGFb/BMP signaling pathway, Stem cell relevant signaling - Wnt Signaling pathway, Transcription Factors
Protein Pathways:	Acute myeloid leukemia, Bladder cancer, Cell cycle, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Jak-STAT signaling pathway, MAPK signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Small cell lung cancer, TGF-beta signaling pathway, Thyroid cancer, Wnt signaling pathway

Product images:

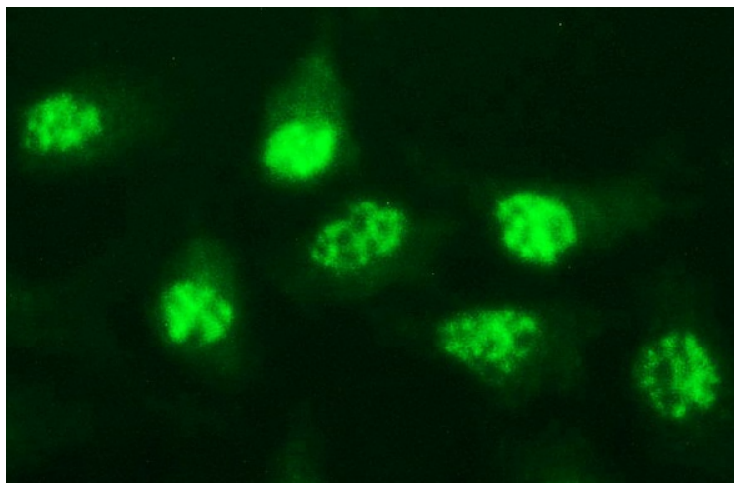
HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY MYC ([RC201611], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-MYC. Positive lysates [LY400876] (100ug) and [LC400876] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.



Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 9 different cell lines by using anti-MYC monoclonal antibody (HepG2: human; HeLa: human; SVT2: mouse; A549: human; COS7: monkey; Jurkat: human; MDCK: canine; PC12: rat; MCF7: human).



Anti-MYC mouse monoclonal antibody (TA507203) immunofluorescent staining of COS7 cells transiently transfected by pCMV6-ENTRY MYC ([RC201611]).



Immunofluorescent staining of HeLa cells using anti-MYC mouse monoclonal antibody (TA507203).