

## Product datasheet for **TA503784S**

### Lipoprotein lipase (LPL) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI6B4]

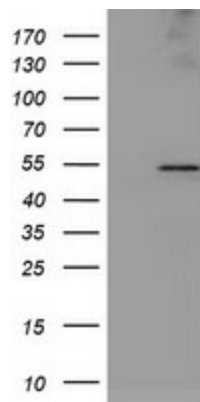
#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI6B4
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:2000
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding amino acids 28-475 of human LPL(NP_000228) produced in E.coli.
Formulation:	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.
Concentration:	0.61 mg/ml
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	50.3 kDa
Gene Name:	lipoprotein lipase
Database Link:	<a href="#">NP_000228</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 16956 Mouse</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 24539 Rat</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 4023 Human</a> <a href="#">P06858</a>
Background:	LPL encodes lipoprotein lipase, which is expressed in heart, muscle, and adipose tissue. LPL functions as a homodimer, and has the dual functions of triglyceride hydrolase and ligand/bridging factor for receptor-mediated lipoprotein uptake. Severe mutations that cause LPL deficiency result in type I hyperlipoproteinemia, while less extreme mutations in LPL are linked to many disorders of lipoprotein metabolism. [provided by RefSeq]



[View online »](#)

**Synonyms:** HDLCQ11; LIPD  
**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome  
**Protein Pathways:** Alzheimer's disease, Glycerolipid metabolism, PPAR signaling pathway

**Product images:**

HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY LPL ([RC203766], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-LPL. Positive lysates [LY400089] (100ug) and [LC400089] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.