

Product datasheet for TA503755S

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

UNG Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI1G2]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: OTI1G2
Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500~2000, IHC 1:150

Reactivity: Human, Monkey, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG2b

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Full length human recombinant protein of human UNG(NP_550433) produced in HEK293T

cell

Formulation: PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.3 mg/ml

Purification: Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

(protein A/G)

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 34.5 kDa

Gene Name: uracil DNA glycosylase

Database Link: NP 550433

Entrez Gene 22256 MouseEntrez Gene 304577 RatEntrez Gene 706816 MonkeyEntrez Gene

7374 Human P13051





Background:

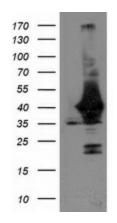
This gene encodes one of several uracil-DNA glycosylases. One important function of uracil-DNA glycosylases is to prevent mutagenesis by eliminating uracil from DNA molecules by cleaving the N-glycosylic bond and initiating the base-excision repair (BER) pathway. Uracil bases occur from cytosine deamination or misincorporation of dUMP residues. Alternative promoter usage and splicing of this gene leads to two different isoforms: the mitochondrial UNG1 and the nuclear UNG2. The UNG2 term was used as a previous symbol for the CCNO gene (GeneID 10309), which has been confused with this gene, in the literature and some databases. [provided by RefSeq]

Synonyms: DGU; HIGM4; HIGM5; UDG; UNG1; UNG2; UNG15

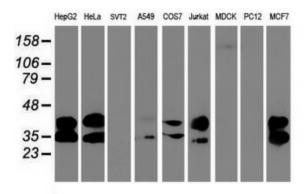
Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency

Protein Pathways: Base excision repair, Primary immunodeficiency

Product images:

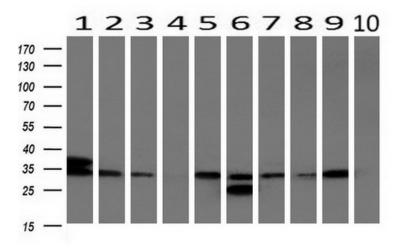


HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY UNG ([RC222868], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-UNG. Positive lysates [LY408998] (100ug) and [LC408998] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.

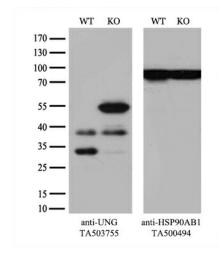


Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 9 different cell lines by using anti-UNG monoclonal antibody.

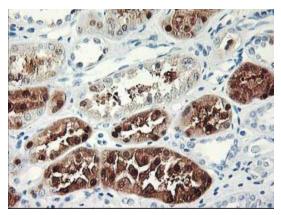




Western blot analysis of extracts (10ug) from 10 Human tissue by using anti-UNG monoclonal antibody at 1:200 (1: Testis; 2: Omentum; 3: Uterus; 4: Breast; 5: Brain; 6: Liver; 7: Ovary; 8: Thyroid gland; 9: colon;10: spleen).

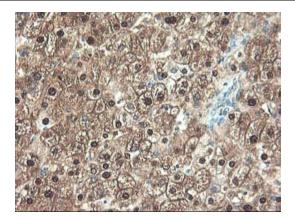


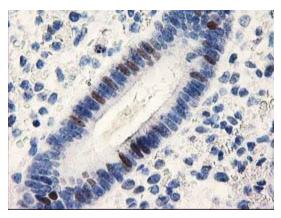
Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (10 ug per lane) of wild-type HeLa cells (WT, Cat# LC810HELA) and UNG-Knockout HeLa cells (KO, Cat# [LC830875]) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-UNG monoclonal antibody [TA503755] (1:500). Then the blotted membrane was stripped and reprobed with anti-HSP90 antibody as a loading control.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human Kidney tissue within the normal limits using anti-UNG mouse monoclonal antibody. (Heat-induced epitope retrieval by 10mM citric buffer, pH6.0, 100°C for 10min, [TA503755])







Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human liver tissue within the normal limits using anti-UNG mouse monoclonal antibody. (Heat-induced epitope retrieval by 10mM citric buffer, pH6.0, 100°C for 10min, [TA503755])

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human endometrium tissue within the normal limits using anti-UNG mouse monoclonal antibody. (Heat-induced epitope retrieval by 10mM citric buffer, pH6.0, 100°C for 10min, [TA503755])