

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for TA503529AM

PPAR alpha (PPARA) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Biotin conjugated) [Clone ID: OTI2D10]

Product data:

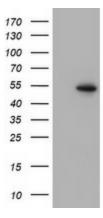
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI2D10
Applications:	FC, IF, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:200, IF 1:100, FLOW 1:100
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Human recombinant protein fragment correspongding to amino acids 145-420 of human PPARA(NP_005027) produced in E.coli.
Formulation:	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Biotin
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	52 kDa
Gene Name:	peroxisome proliferator activated receptor alpha
Database Link:	<u>NP_005027</u> <u>Entrez Gene 19013 MouseEntrez Gene 25747 RatEntrez Gene 5465 Human</u> <u>Q07869</u>



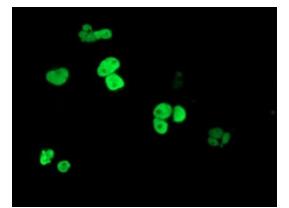
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	PPAR alpha (PPARA) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Biotin conjugated) [Clone ID: OTI2D10] – TA503529AM
Background:	Peroxisome proliferators include hypolipidemic drugs, herbicides, leukotriene antagonists, and plasticizers; this term arises because they induce an increase in the size and number of peroxisomes. Peroxisomes are subcellular organelles found in plants and animals that contain enzymes for respiration and for cholesterol and lipid metabolism. The action of peroxisome proliferators is thought to be mediated via specific receptors, called PPARs, which belong to the steroid hormone receptor superfamily. PPARs affect the expression of target genes involved in cell proliferation, cell differentiation and in immune and inflammation responses. Three closely related subtypes (alpha, beta/delta, and gamma) have been identified. This gene encodes the subtype PPAR-alpha, which is a nuclear transcription factor. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene, although the full-length nature of only two has been determined. [provided by RefSeq]
Synonyms:	hPPAR; NR1C1; PPAR; PPAR-alpha; PPARalpha
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors
Protein Pathway	s: Adipocytokine signaling pathway, PPAR signaling pathway

Product images:

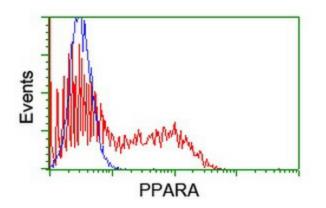


HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY PPARA ([RC216176], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-PPARA. Positive lysates [LY401560] (100ug) and [LC401560] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.



Anti-PPARA mouse monoclonal antibody ([TA503529]) immunofluorescent staining of COS7 cells transiently transfected by pCMV6-ENTRY PPARA ([RC216176]).

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HEK293T cells transfected with either [RC216176] overexpress plasmid (Red) or empty vector control plasmid (Blue) were immunostained by anti-PPARA antibody ([TA503529]), and then analyzed by flow cytometry.

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