

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product datasheet for TA500912

IDH3A Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI2E9]

Product data:

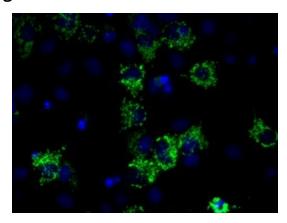
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI2E9
Applications:	FC, IF
Recommended Dilution:	IF 1:100, Flow 1:100
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Full length human recombinant protein of human IDH3A (NP_005521) produced in HEK293T cell.
Formulation:	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.
Concentration:	0.6 mg/ml
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	39.6 kDa
Gene Name:	isocitrate dehydrogenase (NAD(+)) 3 catalytic subunit alpha
Database Link:	<u>NP_005521</u> <u>Entrez Gene 67834 MouseEntrez Gene 114096 RatEntrez Gene 3419 Human</u> <u>P50213</u>

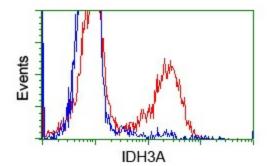


This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

	IDH3A Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI2E9] – TA500912
Background:	Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2- oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the allosterically regulated rate-limiting step of the tricarboxylic acid cycle. Each isozyme is a heterotetramer that is composed of two alpha subunits, one beta subunit, and one gamma subunit. The protein encoded by this gene is the alpha subunit of one isozyme of NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase.
Synonyms:	H-IDH alpha; isocitrate dehydrogenase (NAD+) alpha chain; isocitrate dehydrogenase 3 (NAD+) a; isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit alpha; isocitric dehydrogenase; mitochondrial; NAD(H)-specific isocitrate dehydrogenase alpha subunit; NAD+-specific ICDH
Protein Pathway	vs: Citrate cycle (TCA cycle), Metabolic pathways

Product images:





Anti-IDH3A mouse monoclonal antibody (TA500912) immunofluorescent staining of COS7 cells transiently transfected by pCMV6-ENTRY IDH3A ([RC200313]).

HEK293T cells transfected with either pCMV6-ENTRY IDH3A ([RC200313]) (Red) or empty vector control plasmid (Blue) were immunostained with anti-IDH3A mouse monoclonal (TA500912), and then analyzed by flow cytometry.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US