

Product datasheet for TA500431

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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B Raf (BRAF) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI5A9]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: OTI5A9

Applications: FC, IF, IHC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:1000~2000, IF 1:100, FLOW 1:100

Reactivity: Human, Monkey, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Full length human recombinant protein of human BRAF (NP_004324) produced in HEK293T

cell

Formulation: PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Purification: Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

(protein A/G)

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 84.4 kDa

Gene Name: B-Raf proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase

Database Link: NP 004324

Entrez Gene 109880 MouseEntrez Gene 114486 RatEntrez Gene 693554 MonkeyEntrez Gene

673 Human P15056





Background:

This gene encodes a protein belonging to the raf/mil family of serine/threonine protein kinases. This protein plays a role in regulating the MAP kinase/ERKs signaling pathway, which affects cell division, differentiation, and secretion. Mutations in this gene are associated with cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome, a disease characterized by heart defects, mental retardation and a distinctive facial appearance. Mutations in this gene have also been associated with various cancers, including non-Hodgkin lymphoma, colorectal cancer, malignant melanoma, thyroid carcinoma, non-small cell lung carcinoma, and adenocarcinoma of lung. A pseudogene, which is located on chromosome X, has been identified for this gene.

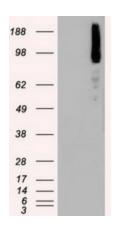
Synonyms: B-raf; B-RAF1; NS7; RAFB1
Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase

Protein Pathways: Acute myeloid leukemia, Bladder cancer, Chemokine signaling pathwa

Acute myeloid leukemia, Bladder cancer, Chemokine signaling pathway, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Glioma, Insulin signaling pathway, Long-term depression, Long-term potentiation, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, mTOR signaling pathway, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Renal cell carcinoma, Thyroid cancer, Vascular smooth muscle

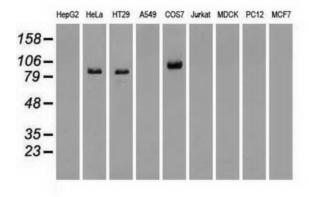
contraction

Product images:

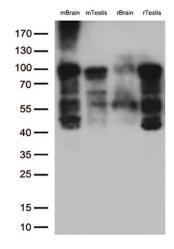


HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Cat# [PS100001], Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY BRAF (Cat# [RC211013], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-BRAF(Cat# TA500431). Positive lysates [LY401382] (100ug) and [LC401382] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.

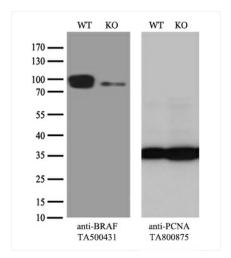




Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 9 different cell lines by using anti-BRAF monoclonal antibody.

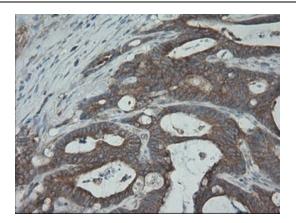


Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 4 tissue lysates by using anti-BRAF monoclonal antibody (1:500).

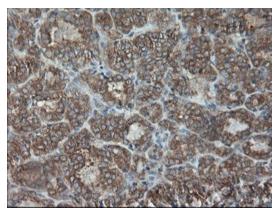


Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (10 ug per lane) of wild-type HeLa cells (WT, Cat# LC810HELA) and BRAF-Knockout HeLa cells (KO, Cat# [LC835315]) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-BRAF monoclonal antibody TA500431 (1:500). Then the blotted membrane was stripped and reprobed with anti-PCNA antibody as a loading control.

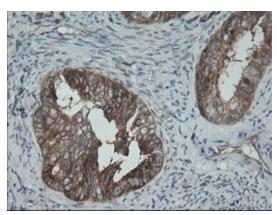




Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Adenocarcinoma of Human colon tissue using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

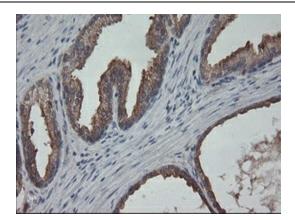


Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Carcinoma of Human thyroid tissue using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

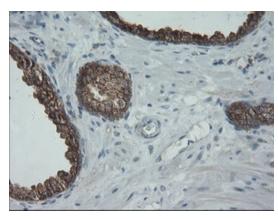


Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Adenocarcinoma of Human endometrium tissue using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

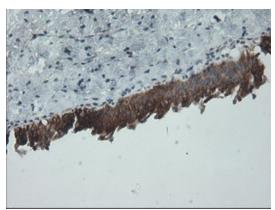




Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human prostate tissue within the normal limits using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

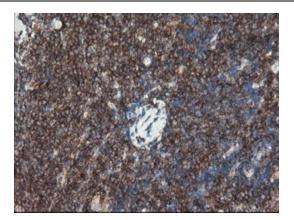


Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Carcinoma of Human prostate tissue using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

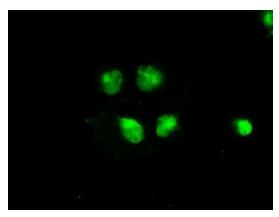


Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human bladder tissue within the normal limits using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

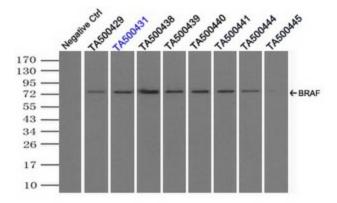




Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human lymphoma tissue using anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody. (TA500431)

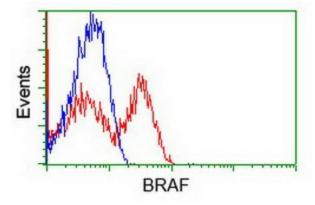


Anti-BRAF mouse monoclonal antibody (TA500431) immunofluorescent staining of COS7 cells transiently transfected by pCMV6-ENTRY BRAF ([RC211013]).



Immunoprecipitation (IP) of BRAF by using TrueMab monoclonal anti-BRAF antibodies (Negative control: IP without adding anti-BRAF antibody.). For each experiment, 500ul of DDK tagged BRAF overexpression lysates (at 1:5 dilution with HEK293T lysate), 2ug of anti-BRAF antibody and 20ul (0.1mg) of goat anti-mouse conjugated magnetic beads were mixed and incubated overnight. After extensive wash to remove any non-specific binding, the immunoprecipitated products were analyzed with rabbit anti-DDK polyclonal antibody.





HEK293T cells transfected with either [RC211013] overexpress plasmid (Red) or empty vector control plasmid (Blue) were immunostained by anti-BRAF antibody (TA500431), and then analyzed by flow cytometry.