

Product datasheet for TA398707

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: K1]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: K1

Applications: ELISA, FC, ICC, IHC, Immuno-affinity-chromatography

Host: Mouse

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa
Clonality: Monoclonal

Formulation: The lyophilised sample should be reconstituted with 500 μl sterile distilled water. The mAb

will then be in PBS without any stabilisers or preservatives at a concentration of 1 mgr/ml. As a result of the lyophilisation procedure, the reconstituted antibody may contain small amounts of denatured protein in the form of aggregates that may interfere with some applications such as immunohistochemistry (e.g. by giving high backgrounds). We therefore highly recommend centrifuging (microcentrifuge) the reconstituted antibody before use and

using the supernatant.

Concentration: Concentration after reconstitution: 1.00 mg/ml as determined by A280 nm (A280 nm = 1.47

corresponds to 1 mg/ml antibody).

Purification: Affinity chromatography on Protein A-agarose.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: After reconstitution antibodies should be aliquoted and stored at -20 °C or -70 °C. After

adding 10 mM sodium azide undiluted antibody can also be stored at +4 °C for a short period of time. For long term storage the mAb should be kept frozen. Repeated freezing/thawing cycles should be avoided. When kept lyophilized the product will remain stable for 10 years at

-20 °C or -70°C.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.



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Background:

Over the past decade our double-stranded RNA (dsRNA)antibodies have been used extensively to detect and characterise plant and animal viruses with dsRNA genomes or intermediates. In addition, the anti-dsRNA antibodies can be used as a diagnostic tool to detect pathogens, including detection in paraffin-embedded fixed tissue samples (Richardson et al. 2010). The K1 monoclonal antibody recognises dsRNA with similar affinity to our widely used J2 antibody. It can be used for the histological and cytological detection of dsRNA in cells and tissues. It has proven especially useful as an alternative to [2 to resolve cross-reactions and/or remove unwanted background, in those rare experimental setups where J2 did not provide satisfactory results. K1 can be used to detect dsRNA intermediates of viruses as diverse as Hepatitis virus, Theiler's murine encephalomyelitis virus or Japanese encephalitis virus. It has been for the detection of dsRNA in cultured cells and in fixed paraffin-embedded histological samples (see publications). If Poly I:C needs to be detected we highly using K1 rather than J2 because K1 has a much higher affinity for this synthetic polyribonucleotide (see Schönborn et al. 1991, Fig. 2). K1 has been used successfully in immunofluorescence microscopy, in flow cytometry (FACS) and in immunocapture methods (such as dot-blot and ELISA).

Synonyms: Mouse anti dsRNA

Note: Gel electrophoretically pure IgG antibody.