

Product datasheet for **TA397483**

H3C14 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ChIP, IF, IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 1:5000 IHC: 1:1000 IF: 1:1000 ChIP: 2-5µg/million cells
Reactivity:	C. elegans, Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic trimethylated peptide surrounding Lysine 9 of human Histone H3.2.
Specificity:	Anti-Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography. This antibody reacts with human Histone H3.2. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Human, mouse, and C. elegans. Predicted to react with many species including rat, chicken, Xenopus, Drosophila, and plant based on 100% sequence homology. Cross-reactivity with Histone H3 from other sources has not been determined.
Formulation:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Concentration:	0.49 mg/ml - lot specific
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Stability:	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	histone cluster 2, H3c
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 333932 Human Entrez Gene 126961 Human Q71DI3



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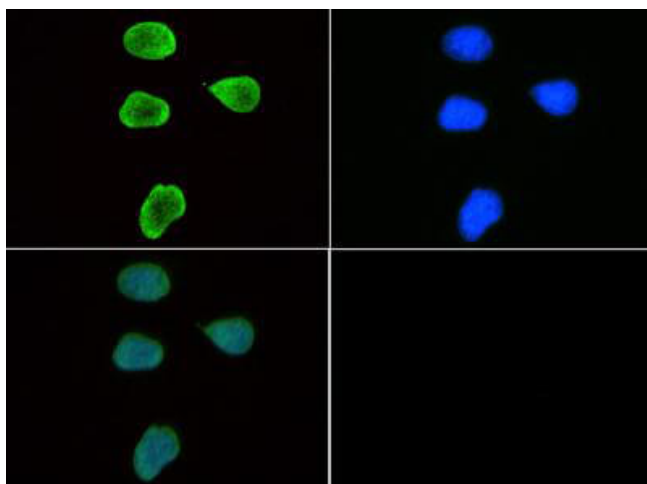
Background: Transcriptional silencing of specific genes and repetitive elements is known to be regulated partially through methylation of histone H3 at lysine 9, a hallmark of constitutive heterochromatin. In placenta, OCT2 expression and its ultimate function as a cation transporter is linked with the abundance of H3K9me3; when this methylation of histone H3 occurs in excess, mRNA for OCT2 decreases. Centromeres also are distinctly affected by the H3K9me3 modification, in that it co-localizes with several centromeric proteins, and affects the DNA methylation, particularly at the periphery of centromeric DNA. Gene expression is silenced when there is coordination between the H3K9me3 and H3K4 modifications. Anti-Histone H3 are ideal for researchers interested in Chromatin Modifiers, Chromatin Research, Histones and Modified Histones, and Epigenetics research.

Synonyms: rabbit anti-Histone H3 trimethyl Lys9 antibody, H3.3B, H3 histone, family 3A, H3.3AH3F3H3F3B, histone H3.3, MGC87783, MGC87782, H3K9me3

Note: Anti-Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] antibody is tested by Western Blot, Chromatin Immunoprecipitation, Dot Blot, Immunocytochemistry, and Immunofluorescence. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately ~15.4 kDa corresponding to Histone H3 protein by Western Blotting in HeLa histone prep lysate or the appropriate cell lysate or extract. Epi-Plus™ antibody production in collaboration with Novus Biologicals.

Protein Pathways: Systemic lupus erythematosus

Product images:



Immunofluorescence of Rabbit Anti-Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] Antibody. Tissue: HeLa cells. Fixation: 0.5% PFA. Antigen retrieval: Not required. Primary antibody: Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] antibody at a 1:50 dilution for 1 h at RT. Secondary antibody: FITC secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] is nuclear and chromosomal. Staining: Histone H3 [Trimethyl Lys9] is expressed in green and the nuclei are counterstained with DAPI (blue).