

Product datasheet for **TA397056S**

LYZ Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, IHC, IP, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 1:200 - 1:1,000 IHC: 1:100 - 1:500 ELISA: 1:2,000
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Anti-Lysozyme Antibody was produced by repeated immunizations with hen egg white Lysozyme protein.
Specificity:	Anti-Lysozyme Antibody is an IgG fraction purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Biotin, anti-Rabbit Serum as well as purified and partially purified Lysozyme [Hen Egg White]. Cross reactivity against Lysozyme from other sources is unknown.
Formulation:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL - lot specific
Conjugation:	Biotin
Storage:	Store vial at -20° C or below prior to opening. This vial contains a relatively low volume of reagent (25 µL). To minimize loss of volume dilute 1:10 by adding 225 µL of the buffer stated above directly to the vial. Recap, mix thoroughly and briefly centrifuge to collect the volume at the bottom of the vial. Use this intermediate dilution when calculating final dilutions as recommended below. Store the vial at -20°C or below after dilution. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	lysozyme (renal amyloidosis)
Database Link:	P00698

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Background:

Anti-Lysozyme Antibody detects lysozyme. Lysozyme belongs to the glycoside hydrolases enzymes that damage bacterial cell walls by catalyzing hydrolysis of 1,4-beta-linkages between N-acetylmuramic acid and N-acetyl-D-glucosamine residues in a peptidoglycan and between N-acetyl-D-glucosamine residues in chitodextrins. Lysozyme is abundant in a number of secretions, such as tears, saliva, human milk, and mucus. It is also present in cytoplasmic granules of the polymorphonuclear neutrophils. Large amounts of lysozyme can be found in egg white. Anti-Lysozyme Antibody is ideal for investigators involved in Cell Signaling, Neuroscience and Signal Transduction research.

Synonyms:

rabbit anti-Lysozyme Antibody biotin Conjugation, biotin Conjugated rabbit anti-Lysozyme Antibody, 1 4 beta n acetylmuramidase c antibody, EC 3.2.1.17 antibody, LYZ antibody, Lysozyme C antibody, Lysozyme C precursor antibody, LZM antibody, Hen Egg White

Note:

Anti-Lysozyme Biotin Conjugated Antibody has been tested by ELISA and western blot and is suitable for IP. Researchers should determine optimal titers for applications that are not stated below.

Product images:


Western Blot of Rabbit anti-Lysozyme antibody. (Right Blot-red) Lane 1: purified Lysozyme reduced. Lane 2: purified Lysozyme non-reduced. (Left Blot-grey) Lane 1: purified Lysozyme reduced. Lane 2: purified Lysozyme non-reduced. Load: ~1 ug per lane. Primary antibody: Biotin Conjugated Rabbit anti Lysozyme antibody at 1:5000 for overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: Dylight 488 conjugated Streptavidin at 1:1,000 with Dylight 549 conjugated secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 1.5 hrs at RT. Block: MB-070 overnight at 4°C. Predicted/Observed size: 4.9kDa, 5 kDa for Lysozyme. Other band(s): none.