

Product datasheet for **TA396732S**

ALDOA Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

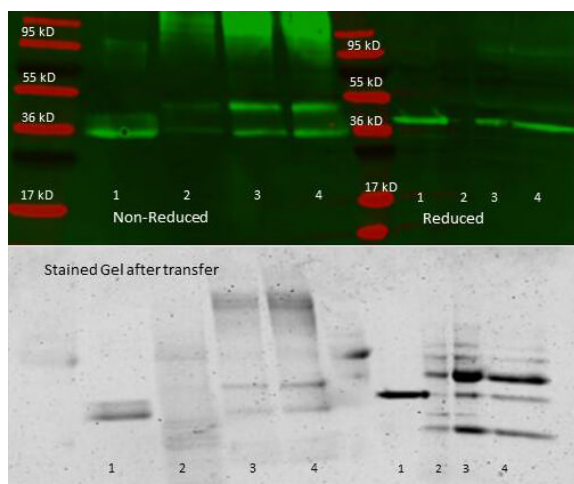
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, IP, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 1:500 - 1:5,000 ELISA: 1:1,000 - 1:4,000
Reactivity:	Human, Rabbit
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Aldolase [Rabbit Muscle]
Specificity:	Anti-Aldolase is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Biotin, anti-Goat Serum as well as purified and partially purified Aldolase [Rabbit Muscle]. Cross reactivity against Aldolase from other sources may occur but have not been specifically determined.
Formulation:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL - lot specific
Conjugation:	Biotin
Storage:	Store vial at -20° C or below prior to opening. This vial contains a relatively low volume of reagent (25 µL). To minimize loss of volume dilute 1:10 by adding 225 µL of the buffer stated above directly to the vial. Recap, mix thoroughly and briefly centrifuge to collect the volume at the bottom of the vial. Use this intermediate dilution when calculating final dilutions as recommended below. Store the vial at -20°C or below after dilution. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 100009055 Rabbit P00883



[View online »](#)

- Background:** Part of the class I fructose-bisphosphate aldolase family, the Anti-Aldolase antibody is essential in the processes glycolysis and gluconeogenesis, as well as performing the role of a scaffolding protein. Anti-Aldolase antibody is ideal for investigators interested in Metabolism, Cancer, and Signal Transduction research.
- Synonyms:** goat anti-Aldolase Antibody, biotin conjugated goat anti-Aldolase Antibody, Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A, Muscle-type aldolase
- Note:** Anti-Aldolase Biotin has been tested by ELISA, immunoprecipitation, and western blot. This product is assayed against 1.0 ug of Aldolase in a standard capture ELISA using Peroxidase Conjugated Streptavidin #S000-03 and ABTS (2,2'-azino-bis-[3-ethylbenthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid]) code # ABTS-100 as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1:4,000 to 1:16,000 of the reconstitution concentration is suggested for this product.

Product images:



Anti aldolase antibody – Immunoprecipitation and Western Blot. 300 μ l aliquots of whole anti-aldolase antiserum (100-1141) were used to precipitate varying amounts of purified aldolase and precipitates with controls were compared by SDS-PAGE and Western blot. Samples shown in the image are: 1. Purified aldolase 2. 300 μ l antiserum with no antigen (negative control) 3. 300 μ l antiserum with \sim 100 μ l aldolase (2.5 mg/ml) 4. 300 μ l antiserum with \sim 200 μ l aldolase (2.5 mg/ml) For the precipitation, 300 μ l of antiserum and an equal volume of aldolase antigen in PBS was incubated \sim 24 hrs at 4°C, centrifuged for 6 minutes at 13K RPM, washed once with PBS, centrifuged and dissolved in 60 μ l 0.1 N NaOH. 90 μ l of PBS was added, the sample was divided in 2 portions, and an equal volume of reducing (+4% BME) or non-reducing 2X sample buffer was added. The reduced samples were boiled for five minutes, and all samples were run at 140 V for \sim 45 minutes on a 4-20% tris/glycine gradient gel. Gel was stained, destained and imaged(see attached) using standard protocols. Precipitation of aldolase was confirmed by comparison of increasing amounts of antigen with the control protein by SDS PAGE and observation of a 40-45 kD MW band corresponding to Aldolase. Additional higher and lower molecular weight bands correspond to serum proteins.