

## **Product datasheet for TA392608S**

# OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Steroidogenic Factor 1 (NR5A1) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1:500~1:1000

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

**Clonality:** Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide, corresponding to Human SF1.

**Specificity:** SF1 polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of SF1 protein.

Formulation: Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Stability: 1 year Predicted Protein Size: ~ 48 kDa

**Gene Name:** nuclear receptor subfamily 5 group A member 1

**Database Link:** Entrez Gene 2516 Human

Q13285





#### Background:

The orphan nuclear receptor, steroidogenic factor 1 (STF-1, also called Ad4BP), is encoded by the NR5A1 gene and plays an instrumental role in directing the transcriptional control of steroidogenesis. Initially identified as a tissue-specific transcriptional regulator of cytochrome P450 steroid hydroxylases, research studies of both global and tissue-specific knockout mice have demonstrated that STF-1 is required for the development of adrenal glands, gonads, ventromedial hypothalamus, and for the proper functioning of pituitary gonadotropes. Indeed, humans with mutations that render STF-1 transcriptionally inactive can present with testicular failure, ovarian failure, and adrenal insufficiency. Furthermore, dysregulation of STF-1 has been linked to diseases such as endometriosis and adrenocortical carcinoma. Like other nuclear hormone receptors, STF-1 has a modular domain structure composed of an amino-terminal zinc finger DNA-binding domain, a ligand-binding domain, a carboxy-terminal AF-2 activation domain, and a hinge region with AF-1-like activation activity. STF-1 also contains a fushi tarazu factor 1 box, which functions as an accessory DNA binding domain. STF-1 is primarily phosphorylated at Ser203, which is thought to enhance its transcriptional activity by promoting complex formation with transcriptional cofactors. In addition to phosphorylation at Ser203, STF-1 is subject to SUMO conjugation and acetylation at ε-amino groups of target lysine residues. Whereas SUMOylation represses STF-1 function, acetylation enhances its transcriptional activity.

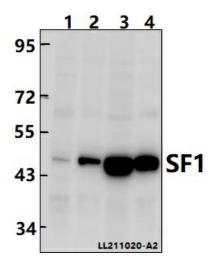
Synonyms:

Adrenal 4-binding protein; Fushi tarazu factor homolog 1; hSF-1; Nuclear receptor subfamily 5 group A member 1; SF-1; Steroid hormone receptor Ad4BP; Steroidogenic factor 1; STF-1

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.

### **Product images:**



Western blot (WB) analysis of SF1 polyclonal antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane1:Hela whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane2:HepG2 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane4:U-87MG whole cell lysate(40ug)